

DRUM & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, February 9, 1916.

INDULGED IN A SLEIGH RIDE.

The members of the Christian Endeavor society of the Moravian church held a sleigh ride on Monday evening, and notwithstanding that the weather was a trifle fresh for things of this kind, a very pleasant time was had. The merry makers went out to the home of Pauline Hanson in the town of Saratoga where the evening was spent in playing games.

It is worse to have been rich and lost than not to have been rich at all.

FIRE DOES DAMAGE.

The residence occupied by Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Gazeley was quite badly damaged by fire on Thursday by a fire which caught from an overheated chimney in the second floor. Most of the household goods were removed from the building, but there was considerable damage to them, and Mr. Gazeley carried no insurance. The building is the property of E. C. Smith and is covered by insurance.

The sincere man is governed by an honest purpose.

A BRANCH AT NEKOOSA.

The Abel-Mullen Company have purchased the Wm. Hooper store at NeKOosa and it is their intention to open a store in that village as soon as they get things straightened around. George Mullen will have charge of the NeKOosa branch and they will handle a general line of clothing and gent's furnishings. As NeKOosa has no store of this kind, it should prove a good venture.

Town Order books for sale here.

MAY BUILD A HOSPITAL.

It is possible that some effort may be made in this city in the near future to erect a new hospital. The annual meeting of the hospital association will be held next Tuesday, at which time the matter may be brought up for consideration. The idea is to raise about \$25,000 for the purpose, \$10,000 of which is available by the will of the late Emily Witter, who bequeathed the sum of \$10,000 for hospital purposes. It is thought that the remaining \$15,000 can be raised by popular subscription.

The idea in building a new hospital comes from the fact that the present building is too small to accommodate the business, being full most of the time, and other times there being more than can be properly taken care of. Since the people in this vicinity have learned that we have a hospital in this city, it is being used more and more by persons outside of the city, and the probabilities are that it will be used up to date building here that it would be patronized much better than it is now. A hospital is a good thing for any place and even though it may not be a paying venture from a financial viewpoint, still the good that can be accomplished by its existence makes it worth the price.

OBITUARY.

(Contributed.)

Mrs. Delight Livernash, a pioneer settler of Rudolph, died at the home of her son in Wausau January 29th, following a sickness of about eight weeks with heart trouble.

Mrs. Livernash arose early, dressed herself and ate a hearty breakfast as usual and seemed to be in unusually good spirits, in fact she seemed to be enjoying better health than she had for weeks.

She was found at 9 o'clock by her daughter-in-law lying on the floor by her bed, dead.

Mrs. Livernash was born in Rochester, N. Y., January 26, 1837, and was 79 years and 3 days old at the time of her death. Her parents moved from New York to Watertown when she was but 8 years old and she lived there until she reached 18, when she was united in marriage to Lewis Livernash of Watertown. They moved to Rudolph from Watertown with a yoke of oxen and took up life anew in the wilderness of Rudolph, then a place of a few inhabitants, where they engaged in farming until the death of Mr. Livernash fourteen years ago. Mr. Livernash lived in Rudolph 18 years before the railroad was built, and saw the first locomotive that passed thru that place.

There being no church at that time in her home town Mrs. Livernash often walked nine miles thru the woods to attend mass at Grand Rapids, and taught the greater part of the children of Rudolph their prayers and catechism in both English and French. As there was no doctor within a radius of 5 miles Mrs. Livernash was often called upon to administer to the sick, and no matter what the weather might be she was always ready and willing to do what she could to alleviate the suffering of others.

Since the death of Mr. Livernash she has made her home with her son, Isaac, at Wausau, where she was a member of St. James church.

The funeral services were held at Wausau Monday morning and the remains were brought to Rudolph on the noon train and laid at rest beside those of her husband in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Van Sever conducting the last rites.

Mrs. Livernash was the mother of 13 children, six of whom survive, they being Mrs. Clara Fox of Rudolph, Mrs. Wm. McKendry of Oskosh, Minn., Lewis Livernash of Rudolph, Isadore Livernash of Wausau, William of McKenna, Wash., and George of Neeshad. She was the grandmother of 44 and great grandmother of 8 children. She is also survived by one sister and two brothers, they being Mrs. Peter Laramie of Crookston, Minn., Fred Bobbe of Phoenix, Arizona, and Wm. Rabba of Nebraska.

Mrs. Livernash was of an unusually strong character and had a most lovable disposition, this being manifested by her thoughtful care of the sick. She was a Christian woman and had a beautiful faith in her Savior. She took an active part in life and seemed never to grow old. Her great power was sympathy and her great power a quick and accurate understanding of a situation, good hearted and generous, with a ripened judgment. Mrs. Livernash was willing to give the largest helpfulness and she inspired the confidence that what should be done can be accomplished, for she possessed the heroic qualities of courage, fortitude and patience.

Her friends have the sustaining comfort in their treasured memories of her and our young people, whom she loved so understandingly, have a good example of a noble life.

THE LAST TIE.

He was no more ragged, dirty or unkempt than the dozens of other wanderers who come to any newspaper office every year to beg an old newspaper. He was, outwardly, just another of the shifting, floating type of the wanderers who frequent the Kansas towns, on the way to and from the construction camps. But a handful of city dailies did not miss him.

"I wonder if you get the paper from Kirksboro, Ill. here," he asked. Then half explanatory, half apologetic, he said, "You see I used to live there."

Some one went thru the pile of exchanges and found the paper he sought, the Kirksboro Sun, just an ordinary country weekly, full of bad type and badly written news. The visitor's thanks were more profuse for the paper than for all the others, and he went out.

That little country paper was the last tie that held a wandering casual laborer a place in one of the homes—relatives and friends who had once lived there had gone, or disowned him as worthless and a failure. But the old weekly with its neighborhood gossip of marriages, deaths, births, crops and sickness brought him back again to memories of the old home town. Some day, the little weekly will draw him home. He will make a new start and his wanderings will be past.—The Emporia Gazette.

LOCAL MERCHANTS TO HELP THE BELGIANS

Mr. E. P. Arpin, president of the Wisconsin Advancement Association and who has charge of the Belgian Relief fund in this city, reports that he has interested several of our merchants in the matter and the result is that they are going to hold three sales days for the relief of the Belgians. The merchants who have so far interested themselves in the matter are:

Johnson & Hill Company, Abel & Podawiltz Co., Kruger & Turbin, Cohen Brothers, W. C. Weisel.

These merchants have each a certain amount of stock which will be set aside and offered for sale on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week, and the prices will be so low that almost anybody can afford to buy some article of clothing to be sent to the Belgians. The Belgian people have sent over a number of souvenirs to be distributed to those who purchase some article for them, so that while the buyer may not have the clothes that he buys, he will have something with which to remember the transaction.

The articles that are sold for this purpose will be put aside by the merchants and will later be delivered to Mr. Arpin, who will see that they reach their destination in the old country.

Mr. Arpin reports that quite a considerable fund has been raised in Belgium with which to pay transportation charges on clothing and shoes, but that it is impossible to ship a great part of the goods to that country without any cost at all, owing to the generosity of certain people in this country.

The one cry in Belgium at the present time is for food and clothing. It is reported that the people there are being taken care of in the matter of food, but that shoes and clothing are so scarce that many are going about in the worst possible condition.

In some sections the rugs and carpets have been taken up from the floors and these are made into shoe tops, the soles of the shoes being made from wood. While this practice has alleviated the suffering to a certain extent, it is still a problem of the gravest character. In many cities the poor go from house to house to beg for old carpet and rugs out of which to make shoes.

While the countries over there are small compared with our distances in America, the population is much denser and it is hard for us to imagine the number of people that are practically without clothing.

NEW EDUCATIONAL MOVEMENT.

A new step in an educational movement, having nation-wide proportions is being taken in the way of teaching foreign-born adults the English language, matters relating to the form of our governments, local and national citizenship, and the like. The Grand Rapids school authorities and more particularly the local Industrial Board of Education, thru the urgent recommendation of the United States Naturalization Examiner Martin J. Kilsdonk of St. Paul, have adopted a plan of instruction for these grown-up aliens in which commercial evening classes will immediately be instituted here, on both sides of the river. The classes will be conducted weekly, and will have courses in "English for Foreigners," "Civics," and "Citizenship," thus enabling, to say the least, prospective candidates for citizenship to pass the educational test in court as a qualification for the naturalization test. The American ideals, and striving to more thoroughly Americanize the people here from other lands. In many cases, it will naturally follow, aside from the advantages accruing to the country and state at large and the local community, that the adult attending these classes can thereby fit himself for a better position and will be in a better position to earn a livelihood for himself and family. The wives of aliens, and other adult women, are also invited to take part in the courses of instruction offered by these free night schools. The law considers the citizenship status of a woman to follow that of her husband, and it is therefore almost equally important that she shall also be familiar with what our institutions stand for. Greater love for America and her institutions can be instilled into the hearts of aliens only according as they know them, and it remains for our citizens to offer them the opportunity to learn what we have and to provide facilities for their instruction.

The bureau of naturalization at Washington, D. C., is systematically co-operating with the public schools all over the country with a view to bringing these aliens to the school doors, there to be shown the opportunity to learn American ideals, to become familiar with our language, to remove ignorance from the minds of the alien, and to thereby create a patriotic feeling in their hearts. The schools of this city invite the attendance of the foreign-born to its classes; we will eventually have a more intelligent citizenry and literacy among the foreigners may become a thing of the past. We believe that the Americanization of aliens should be a process taking place previous to their admission to our citizenship.

Superintendent of Schools Swede is working on the perfecting of plans for the successful operation of these schools, and men and women desirous of attending these classes will do well to confer with him.

Pop Corn Fifty One Years Old.

Marshfield Herald.—Age does not seem to effect corn, especially of the pop corn variety. In fact, it seems to improve with age. This week Mrs. Geo. W. Upham in ransacking a chest, left at the time of her death in this city by Mr. Upham's mother, she found a small sack containing four ears of pop corn, one red and three white ears. Deceased, before coming to Marshfield to live with her son, resided in Massachusetts and brought the corn with her. The corn, according to a date written on the sack was grown in the year 1865 and deceased, who passed away about 19 years ago, had kept it as a relic.

As a matter of curiosity, Mrs. Upham shelled one of the ears and putting it in water she had the satisfaction of knowing that age does not effect corn, as every kernel popped. The other three ears will be kept and planted and if it germinates as well as it pops, Mr. Upham will be the owner of corn of mighty old parentage.

EARLY PRICE GOES TO FREE BROTHER

Stevens Point Journal.—Earl Price, an evading pleasure machine operator at the Brahman theatre, left Saturday for Minneapolis to take steps to endeavor to secure a new trial for his brother, Frederick T. Price, the man recently sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of his wife in a Minneapolis park some time ago. Price stated before leaving that new evidence had been discovered since the late trial which he believes will clear his brother of the charge against him. He also believes that the traveling salesman, Etchison, who was the star witness against Price, is guilty partly in the case and that the man can be convicted. Price followed his brother's trial with close interest although he remained in this city during its progress.

GAME WAS A HUMMER.

29 to 10 was the tune at which the boys from Neillsville were trimmed up by the local high school basketball team last Friday evening, and the score told only a part of the story.

Neillsville brought a pretty good team with them, in fact those who saw the game said that they put up more of a game than any combination that has played the locals this winter and the result was that the boys here had a chance to show what they were made of and what they could do when necessity demanded it.

The visitors did not have a chance of winning at any stage of the game, notwithstanding that they put up a good contest. Over the matter, our boys simply played rings around them from the time the game started until it was over, and there was not a man on the team that was not in the game every minute of the time.

Owing to the fine game that our boys are putting up this winter, more interest is being taken in basketball than ever before, and the games are being attended by good crowds right along.

WHY NOT MAKE 'EM PAY.

Needah Republican: Congressman Browne, of the Eighth congressional district of Wisconsin, has introduced a bill providing for a national tax against mail order houses, the tax to be apportioned among the states according to the business done in each state. This bill should become a law, but it is probable that the highly paid lobbyists against it will make the bill's progress rough and hard to travel. Our local merchants are highly taxed for the privilege of doing business among us, but under existing laws a mail order house may come in and capture the cream of the business without contributing a cent toward the local government expenses. Unheard of dividends are being paid upon mail order house stock, the money for which is being paid by the patrons. Yet we have never seen the name of Sears, Roebuck & Co. or Montgomery Ward & Co. upon a petition to aid a farm here in distress, or to pay the deficit upon the minister's salary. Funny, when you come to think of it.

The above item is certainly all right and the Needah Republican man has hit the nail on the head and voiced the sentiment of every man who has the welfare of his community at heart. But as he says, it is entirely probable that the bill will have a rugged path to travel. The people see the injustice of the thing, but it is hard to overcome the power of money, and these big firms have a lot of it to spend on any proposition of this kind. As a matter of fact they are bigger men than the ones who make the laws, so that it is no wonder that such bills seldom see the light of day after they are once introduced.

Probably the time may come some day when the average man will see the error of sending his money to an outside concern for merchandise that he wants, but it will certainly be some time yet. Judas sold his Savior for a few pieces of silver, and there are plenty of men left today who will sell out their community for a like amount. It only takes the cream of the business of a community to change it from a live town to one of the deadest of the dead, and as long as people continue to be blind to their interests there will be large flourishing mail order houses in the big cities.

LOCAL MAN ON THE JOB.

The Stevens Point Gazette, in speaking of the new St. John's Catholic church which will be built in that city has the following to say about a local concern, of which James Hamilton is at the head:

The Grand Rapids Building Supply Co. of Grand Rapids, Wis., will furnish the 88,000 brick which will be used in the building of the new St. John's church. The committee was unanimous in choosing this brick in preference to other samples submitted. This brand of brick is non-absorbent and has a rough surface, with a beautiful blending of colors. Three shades will be used in the church and parsonage.

HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION MEET.

The annual meeting of the River-view Hospital association will be held on Tuesday, February 14th. The annual report of the association will be made at this meeting, and it is to be hoped that all members will make it a point to be present as there are important matters to be discussed. The meeting will be held at the Wilks rooms.

The members of the Catholic Order of Foresters held a good old time dance at their hall on Tuesday evening for the members and their friends. Refreshments were served and a big time was had by all present.

Victor J. Green of Chicago, who is with the Fred H. Birtlett Co., of that city, real estate dealers, spent Saturday in this city looking after some business matters. Mr. Green stated that his company owns 1040 acres of land in the neighborhood of Ladysburg, southwest of Babcock, and besides the land the company owns quite a herd of full blooded cattle on their land, consisting largely of Durhams, and they expect to hold an auction sale on their place in the near future to dispose of the cattle. At this time the date for the auction has not been set.

Advertised Mail.

Ladies: Wall, Mrs. Nell, Robert Nash, Postmaster.

Mrs. Dr. C. C. Rowley of Oshkosh arrived in the city on Friday to spend a few days with her mother, Mrs. F. P. Daly.

SPRING WORK ON RAILROAD HAS BEGUN

At least once a year we do what little we can to build a railroad for the readers of the Tribune. While very few of these railroads ever get further than the printers' ink stage, still we feel that it is our duty to do what we can along this line. Heretofore we have confined our efforts to building the proposed Soo cutoff, but notwithstanding the fact that we have figured it out for the company on several occasions where the company could save a great deal of money each year by building such a cutoff, they have not, as yet, started work on the new extension. Then it makes the Stevens Point people so mad to figure out how their city will only be a flag station after the Soo cutoff is built, that we feel that it may be just as well to drop the matter. Of course the cutoff will be built some day, and when it is—then there is no need of going into that matter again.

The very latest railroad news is taken from the Milwaukee Daily News, which publishes an item to the effect that the St. Paul is going to build an extension from Berlin to this city to connect with the Valley division. Following is the item:

Reports are again in circulation that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will in the near future build an extension of its northern division from Berlin north to Grand Rapids to connect with the valley division of the St. Paul road at that point.

This is an extension which has been in contemplation by the Milwaukee road people for a long time. It was not, however, authorized at the annual meeting of the road in September when it was announced that the only improvement in contemplation by the board of directors of the road for the coming year was the completion of the mountain electrification on the Pacific coast extension.

It is said the matter of the extension of the northern division from Berlin north to Grand Rapids has been under consideration since by the executive committee and that railway men believe it has not already been authorized it soon will be. The survey for the line have all been made and if the line should be completed it would give the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company a shorter line than it now has from northern Wisconsin points to this city.

NEW BLACKSMITH FIRM.

—Paul Mau and Jake Holmes have leased the Griesbach & Keip blacksmith shop for five years of Chas. Schroeder and will take possession of the same March 1st. They will carry on a general blacksmith and wagon repairing business. Both members of the new firm are expert workmen in their line, Jake Holmes having been employed at the Emmett McCarthy blacksmith shop for the past eight years as horseshoer. Mr. Mau has served two enlistments in the U. S. Army as blacksmith, with 1 troop, 6th U. S. Cavalry and one with 1 troop, 6th U. S. Cavalry, part of the service being in the Philippines. For the past two years Mr. Mau has been employed as blacksmith at the Road Construction Co.'s shop. These gentlemen solicit a share of your patronage and guarantee to deliver the goods.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

—Notice is hereby given that all persons who have an account against us are to render bill for same on or before the 1st day of March, 1916, and receive their pay.

Also, those parties who owe me for work done in the past are requested to call and pay their account by the first of March. All accounts not paid by that time will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

Yours respectfully,
Chas. F. Keip,
Formerly Griesbach & Keip.

SENTENCED TO THREE YEARS.

Walter Weinbrenner appeared before Judge Park Wednesday evening and pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery, and the judge sentenced him to three years in the state prison. Weinbrenner had forged his brother's name to a note for \$83.00. The sentence was suspended, however, and the young man was placed on probation and if he conducts himself in a proper manner it is probable that he will get out of it without serving any time.

FATHER FLIEDNER RESIGNS.

Rev. A. C. Fliedner, who has had charge of the Episcopal church in this city during the past five years, has resigned his position, same to take effect on the 15th of February. During the time Rev. Fliedner has made his home in this city he has made many friends who will be sorry to know that he has decided to leave us, but who can only wish him success in his new field of labor. Rev. Fliedner will go to Danville, Pa., where he will have charge of a church.

WILL HAVE A BIG TIME.

The Eagles are figuring on a big time next month when they will hold a carnival. It will not be one of the outdoor affairs such as we have during the summer months, but will be in the amusement hall, and it is expected that there will be just as much doing as if it were held out of doors. The day will be wound up with a dance in the evening and it is apparent that a good time is one of the objects of the affair.

HALL WANTS TO BE GOVERNOR.

In a letter recently sent to the Stevens Point Journal by Don C. Hall, Mr. Hall states that he intends to open his campaign in March as a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor of Wisconsin. Mr. Hall states that his position in the coming campaign will be outlined and explained in a few weeks.

Fred Beff, the Marshfield wrestler, has sold his farm south of Marshfield for the sum of \$16,500. It is stated that Fred will move to the city and make his home in Marshfield hereafter. He has been engaged in farming for several years past and was quite successful at the business.

WHERE DID IT COME FROM?

It is evident by a recent editorial in the Wild Rose Times that things are taking an awful turn down in that otherwise fair but sandy village. It seems that they recently had a dance in that place and that some of the men over exerted themselves at a dance and thereby created an unusual thirst. While attempting to quench the thirst they imbibed a trifling too much and became jingled, or lit up, or puffed, or soured, or whatever you have a mind to call it, and while in this disgusting and unmanly condition they escorted certain of the young ladies to their homes. It does not appear that the young ladies have put up any hotter about the matter, but the Editor of the Wild Rose Times thinks that it was a shocking occurrence, and he heartily agrees with him. It must indeed be very trying, for the young man, to attempt to take a young lady home from a dance while in an intoxicated condition, especially with the walks as slippery as they have been during the past week or more. It is difficult to conduct oneself in a decorous manner these days even when in a state of beastly sobriety, and must be doubly so when under the influence of the demon rum. The Times man does not worry so much about the boys taking a nip, but is fearful that some of the girls may have "looked upon the wine wrong." There isn't one of those Wild Rose guys that would part with a drink on a bet, so that part of it is all right. The Times man doesn't mention the fact that Wild Rose is a dry town and that according to the law that the people of that fair village are not supposed to be trafficking in any sort of wine, malt or spirituous liquors. It might be well to go after the fellows that bring in the stuff.

The untutored savage lies in the shade of a banana tree while the ocean breezes fan his fevered brow and the lap of the waves lull him to sleep. He has no regrets of yesterday, no cares for today, and there is no tomorrow for him.

Peace and happiness reign supreme. He owns sixteen dogs and has half a dozen wives. Life is one easy dream with no tailor bills, card parties nor political campaigns to mar the serenity of the occasion. A history of his life would make heaven look like a busy day on Wall street. Yet, we send missionaries down to his island to civilize him and teach him to read and write; tell him that he should be clothed, properly fed and housed, and only have one wife. We show him how to levy taxes and conduct political campaigns, drink whiskey and play poker, and bring other civilizing influences to bear on him, so that he will not spend his life in idleness. We teach him that there is a heaven and a hell, and tell him that the chances are that he will go to the latter place. In fact, we make his life as much like ours as it is possible to do to a man whose forefathers have lived for generations in a country where exertion is considered a crime and clothes cannot possibly be anything but a burden to a human being. Yes, this civilization is a marvelous achievement, and the only wonder is that more missionaries are not made it to pot roasts than statistics show to be the case. The only explanation that can be given of the matter is to quote the old saying, "that misery loves company."

They say that out in California there are several towns where the women have asserted their equal rights to such an extent that they go right into the saloons and take a drink alongside of the male portion of the town and never bat an eye. Now, that is what we call equal rights. The mere matter of voting was never elevated a woman to the plane where she rightfully belongs, but when she can march into a saloon, elbow her way up to the bar, and leaning across the mahogany have the bartender set out her usual brand of poison without saying a word, then she can really and truthfully say she is the equal of her former and master.

Big things of life like voting and holding office that count so much in this world, but rather the little things like the one mentioned above that put one on the same level with his neighbor. Not only the women of California, but California itself, is to be congratulated.

They say that one of our prominent citizens was in a neighboring city recently and while there had occasion to mail a letter. As he did not know where the postoffice was he stopped a small boy on the street and asked him the way. "One block south, two blocks west and three blocks south," replied the little fellow, promptly. "Well, you're a nice little fellow," said the man, "I am going to teach at that church over the way tomorrow, and if you will come over there, I will show you the way to heaven." "Huh," replied the urban; "show me the way to heaven? Why, you don't even know the way to the postoffice."

WILL BE CANDIDATE FOR CITY TREASURER.

—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for City Treasurer at the coming Spring election. If elected, I will serve the people to the best of my ability. I shall appreciate your vote.

Yours respectfully,
Joseph Rolland.

CHANGE THE TIRES.

Tires may with advantage be taken off every 2,000 miles and turned around, so that they will run in the opposite direction, says the Automobile Dealer and Repairer. This has been proved to give longer life, and incidentally that distance is quite far enough to run before taking them off, examining the rims for rust and dusting them afresh with French chalk. They will be all the better for this attention. The jacking up of the wheels also enables one to test the bearings much more easily. It is not to be thought of as a trouble, in that direction almost at its inception.

GOT A HEAVY FINE.

Peter Mees of Marshfield was fined \$25.00 one day last week for selling cigarette trimmings to a boy under 16 years of age. While it is lawful these days to sell cigarettes, provided you have a license, it is not lawful to sell either the finished article or the "makins" to boys under the age of 16.

SUPPER.

—First class German supper at First Moravian church. Wednesday evening, February 16th, beginning at 5 o'clock p. m.

February 10, 11 & 12

—are days set by the—

Belgian Relief Committee

To Help Belgian Sufferers

We have assembled various articles of kind and character wanted, and priced extremely low. Ask US, if you would buy of these special lots.

For Saturday, February 12th

We will have a SPECIAL SALE on Men's Outing Flannel NIGHT SHIRTS and PAJAMAS, for one day only!

Men's Outing Flannel Night Shirts

Men's Outing Flannel Night Shirts regular 75c value, special for Saturday58c

Men's \$1.00 Night Shirts, fancy or plain white, special for Saturday78c

Men's Pajama Suits

\$1.00 Outing Flannel Suits, special priced for Saturday78c

\$1.50 Outing Flannel Suits, special priced for Saturday\$1.15

\$2.00 Outing Flannel Suits, special priced for Saturday\$1.48

Boy's \$1.00 Pajamas, special for Saturday only at78c

Childs Outing Flannel Sleepers, Saturday special, at only38c

PAJAMAS ONE PRICE PAJAMAS

DEPARTMENT CARLSON SLEEPINGWEAR

Get your sleeping wear Saturday, at Kruger & Turbin Co.'s Saturday Special Sale and sleep comfortably,

KRUGER & TURBIN CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

CLEARING SALE

Pretty and colored Curtain Scrim at 7½ and 5c
8 and 10c outing flannels, light and dark at 7c

Clearing Sale of Remnants

Clearing Sale in Ready To Wear Department
Coats, Suits, Dresses, Furs, Waists and Skirts

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING

The new laces including the popular Gold and Silver Bands, Edges and Flouncings

Washable Georgette Grepes, Silk Nets in black white and colors, plain and floral mercerized, Marquisettes and Voiles.

Pretty New Voiles, Wash Goods, Tissues
Percales, Gingham, Bedford Gords in white and coral.

Linen Suitings in all desirable colors

W. C. WEISEL

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, February 9, 1916.

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The idea in building a new hospital comes from the fact that the present building is too small to accommodate the business, being full most of the time, and other things there being more than can be properly taken care of. Since the people in this vicinity have a large number of hospitals in this city, it is being used more and more by persons outside of the city, and the probabilities are that if we had a modern and better building it would be better than it is now. A hospital is a good thing for any place and even tho it may not be a paying venture from a financial viewpoint, still the good that can be accomplished by its existence makes it worth the price.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Delight Livernash, a pioneer settler of Rudolph, died at the home of her son in Wausau, January 29th, following a sickness of about eight weeks with heart trouble.

Mrs. Livernash arose early, dressed herself and ate a hearty breakfast as usual and seemed to be in unusual good spirits, in fact she seemed to be enjoying better health than she had for weeks.

She was found at 9 o'clock by her daughter-in-law lying on the floor by her bed, dead.

Mrs. Livernash was born in Rochester, N. Y., January 25, 1837, and was 78 years and 3 days old at the time of her death.

Her parents moved from New York to Watertown when she was but 8 years old and she lived there until she reached 18, when she was united in marriage to Lewis Livernash of Watertown. They moved to Rudolph from Watertown with a yoke of oxen and took up a place on a few inhabitants, where they engaged in farming until the death of Mr. Livernash fourteen years ago.

Mrs. Livernash lived in Rudolph 18 years before the railroad was built, and saw the first locomotive that passed through that place.

There being no church at that time in her home town Mrs. Livernash often walked nine miles through the woods to attend church services, and taught the greater part of the children of Rudolph their prayers and catechism in both English and French.

As there was no doctor within a radius of 9 miles Mrs. Livernash was often called upon to administer to the sick, and no matter what the weather might be she was always ready and willing to do what she could to alleviate the suffering of others.

Since the death of Mr. Livernash she has made her home with her son Isadore at Wausau, where she was a member of St. James church.

The funeral services were held at Wausau Monday morning and the remains were brought to Rudolph on the noon train and laid at rest beside those of her husband in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Van Sever conducting the last rites.

Mrs. Livernash was the mother of 13 children, six of whom survive her, they being Mrs. Chas. Fox of Rudolph, Mrs. Wm. McKindley of Osakis, Minn., Lewis Livernash of Osakis, Minn., and three daughters, Mrs. Wm. McKenna, Wash., and George of Necedah. She was the grandmother of 44 and great grandmother of 8 children. She is also survived by one sister and two brothers, they being Mrs. Pete Laramie of Crookston, Minn., Fred Babba of Phoenix, Arizona, and Wm. Babba of Nebraska.

Mrs. Livernash was of an unusually strong character and had a most lovable disposition, being a being manifested by her thoughtful care of the sick. She was a Christian woman and had a beautiful faith in her Savior. She took an active part in her church and seemed never to grow old, and her great power and quick and accurate understanding of a situation, good hearted and generous, with a ripened judgment. Mrs. Livernash was willing to give the best of herself and she inspired the confidence that what should be done can be accomplished, for she possessed the heroic qualities of courage, fortitude and patience.

Her friends have the sustaining comfort in their treasured memories of her and our young people, whom she loved so understandingly, have a good example of a noble life.

THE LAST TIE.

He was no more ragged, dirty or unkempt than the dozens of other wanderers who come to this city in search of a place to beg an old newspaper. He was, outwardly, just another of the shifting, floating type of the wanderers who frequent the Kansas towns, on the way to the big city, or the construction men who are at this time doing odd jobs in the city.

"I wonder if you get the paper from Kirschober, Ill. here," he asked. Then half explanatory, half apologetic, he said, "You see I used to live there."

Some one went thru the pile of exchanges and found the paper he sought, the Kirschober Sun, an ordinary country weekly, full of bad type and badly written news. The visitor's thanks were more profuse for the paper than for all the others, and he went out.

That little country paper was the last tie that held a wandering casual laborer in place. He once called home—relatives and friends who had once lived there had gone, or disowned him as worthless and a failure. But the old weekly with its neighborhood gossip of marriages, deaths, births, crops and sickness brought him back again to memories of the old home town. Some day, the little weekly will draw him home. He will write a new start and his wanderings will be past.

The Emporia Gazette.

Years ago a team that traveled with sleighs upon the highways wore sleigh bells, it being required by law and we believe the law is still in force. How different it is now, but a team in a dozen has bells on. The tinkling of these little bells were very pleasing to the ear and made the winter days more merry. Jefferson County Union.

LOCAL MERCHANTS TO HELP THE BELGIANS

Mr. E. P. Arpin, president of the Wisconsin Advancement Association, and who has charge of the Belgian Relief Fund work in this city, reports that he has interested several of the merchants in the matter of holding three sales days for the relief of the Belgians. The merchants who have so far interested themselves in the matter are:

Johnson & Hill Company, Abel & Podawiltz Co., Kruger & Turbin, Cohen Brothers, W. C. Weisel.

These merchants have each a certain amount of stock which will be set aside and offered for sale on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week, and the prices will be so low that almost anybody can afford to buy some article of clothing to help the Belgians. The Belgians are to be distributed to those who purchase some article for them, so that while the buyer may not have the clothes that he buys, he will have something to give to the Belgians.

The articles that are sold for this purpose will be put aside by the merchants and will later be delivered to Mr. Arpin, who will see that they reach their destination in the old country.

Mr. Arpin reports that quite a considerable fund has been raised in Belgium with which to pay transportation charges on clothing and shoes, but that it is possible to get more within a short time.

The one cry in Belgium at the present time is for shoes and clothing. The people there are being taken care of in the matter of food, but that shoes and clothing are so scarce that many are going about in the worst possible conditions.

In some of the cities of Belgium, the people have been taken up from the floors and these are made into shoes, the soles of the shoes being made from wood. While this practice has alleviated the suffering of the people, it is still a problem of the gravest character. In many cities the poor go from house to house to beg for old carpet and rugs out of which to make shoes.

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EARL PRICE GOES TO FREE BROTHER

Stevens Point Journal.—Earl Price, moving picture machine operator at the Bresnahan theatre, left Saturday for Minneapolis to take steps to end brother, Frederick T. Price, the man recently sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of his wife in a Minneapolis park some time ago. Price stated before leaving that new evidence had been discovered since the trial which he believes will clear his brother of the charge against him. He also believes that the traveling salesman, Etchings, is guilty partly in the case and that the man can be convicted.

GAME WAS A HUMMER.

29 to 10 was the time at which the boys from Neillville were trimmed up by the local high school basketball team last night.

Neillville brought a pretty good team with them; in fact those who saw the game said that they put up more of a game than any combination that has played the locals this winter. The result was that the boys here had a chance to show what they were made of and what they could do when necessity demanded it.

The victory did not have a chance of winning at any stage of the game, notwithstanding that they put up a good contest over the matter. Our boys simply played rings around them from the time the game started until it was over, and there was not a man on the team that was not in the game every minute of the time.

Owing to the fine game that our boys are putting up this winter, more interest is being taken in the basketball game here, and the games are being attended by good crowds right along.

WHY NOT MAKE 'EM PAY.

Necedah Republican.—Congressman Broome, of the Eighth congressional district of Wisconsin, has introduced a bill providing for a national tax against mail order houses, the tax to be apportioned among the states according to the business done within their borders. This bill should become a law, but it is probable that the highly paid lobbyists against it will make the bill's progress rough and are highly taxed for the privilege of doing business among us, but under existing laws a mail order house may come in and capture the cream of the business without contributing a cent toward the local government expenses. Unheard of dividends are being paid upon mail order house stock, the money for which is being paid from the pockets of the people.

The name of Sears, Roebuck & Co. or Montgomery Ward & Co. upon a petition to aid a farmer here in distress, or to pay the deficit upon the minister's salary. Funny, when you come to think of it.

The above item is certainly all right and the Necedah Republican man has hit the nail on the head and an earnest plea for the people who have the sentiment of every citizen who has the welfare of his community at heart.

But as he says, it is entirely probable that the bill will have a rugged path to travel.

The people see the injustice of the thing, but it is hard to overcome the power of the money and these big firms have a lot of it to spend on any proposition of this kind. As a matter of fact they are bigger men than the ones who make the laws, so that it is no wonder that such bills seldom are introduced.

Probably the time may come some day when the average man will see the error of sending his money to the big cities to buy his merchandise and that he wants, but it will certainly be some time yet. Judas sold his Savior for a few pieces of silver, and there are plenty of men left today who would sell out their community for a like amount of money.

It only takes the cream of the business of a community to change it from a live town to one of the dead of the dead, and as long as people continue to be blind to their interests there will be large flourishing mail order houses in the big cities.

LOCAL MAN ON THE JOB.

The Stevens Point Gazette, in speaking of the new St. John's Catholic church which will be built in that city has the following to say about a local concern, of which James Hamilton is at the head:

The Grand Rapids Building Supply Co. of Grand Rapids, Wis., will furnish \$3,000 free clay brick manufactured by the Brazil Clay Co. of Brazil, Ind. The committee was unanimous in choosing this brick in preference to other samples submitted.

This brand of brick is non-absorbent and has a rough surface, with a beautiful blending of colors. Three shades will be used in the church and parsonage.

HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION MEET.

The annual meeting of the River-view Hospital association will be held on Tuesday, February 14th. The annual report of the association will be made at this meeting, and it is to be hoped that all members will make it a point to be present as there are important matters to be discussed. The meeting will be held at the Elks rooms.

The members of the Catholic Order of Foresters had a good old time dance at their hall on Tuesday evening for the members and their friends. Refreshments were served and a big time was had by all present.

Victor J. Green of Chicago, who is with the Fred H. Birtlett Co., of that city, real estate dealers, spent Saturday in this city looking after some business matters. Mr. Green stated that his company owns 1040 acres of land in the neighborhood of Daly, southwest of Babcock, and besides the land the company owns quite a herd of full blooded pure bred Durham, land consisting largely of Durhams, and they expect to hold an auction sale on their place in the near future to dispose of the cattle. At this time the date for the auction has not been set.

Advertised Mail.

Ladies: Wall, Mrs. Nell, Robert Nash, Postmaster.

Mrs. Dr. C. C. Rowley of Oshkosh arrived in the city on Friday to spend a few days with her mother, Mrs. F. P. Daly.

SPRING WORK ON RAILROAD HAS BEGUN

At least once a year we do what little we can to build a railroad for the readers of the Tribune. While we are not the printers ink stage, still we feel that it is our duty to do what we can along this line. Heretofore we have confined our efforts to the building of the proposed Soo cutoff, but building the proposed Soo cutoff, we have figured it out for the company on several occasions where the company could save a great deal of money each year by building such a cutoff, they have not, as yet, started work on the new extension. Then we made the Stevens Point people so mad to figure out how their city will only be a flag station after the Soo cutoff is built, that we feel that it may be just as well to drop the matter. Of course the cutoff will be built some day, and when it is—then there is no need of going into that matter again.

The very latest railroad news is taken from the Milwaukee Daily News, which publishes an item to the effect that the St. Paul is going to build an extension from Berlin to this city to connect with the Valley division. Following is the item in full: "Reports are in circulation that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will in the near future build an extension of its northern division from Berlin to the city of Rapids to connect with the valley division of the St. Paul road at that point."

This is an extension which has been in contemplation by the Milwaukee road people for a long time, but it was not until the board of directors at their meeting in September when it was announced that the only improvement in contemplation by the board of directors of the road for the coming year was the completion of the mountain electric line on the Pacific coast extension.

It is said the matter of the extension of the northern division from Berlin north to the city of Rapids has been under consideration since the executive committee and that railway men believe it has not already been authorized it soon will be. The survey for the line has been made and the work of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company a shorter line than it now has from northern Wisconsin points to this city.

Local citizens of the St. Paul company profess to know nothing about the proposed extension. Residents of Northern Wisconsin claim, however, to have information it will likely be built the coming summer.

NEW BLACKSMITH FIRM.

—Paul Mau and Jake Holmes have leased the Griesbach & Kelp blacksmith shop for five years of Chas. Schroeder and will take possession of the same March 1st. They will carry on a general blacksmith and wagon repair business. Both members of the new firm are expert workmen in their line, Jake Holmes having been employed at the Emmett blacksmith shop in the Philippines, and Paul Mau at the Phillips. Mr. Mau has served two enlistments in the U. S. Army as blacksmith, with L. Troop, 3rd U. S. Cavalry, and one with L. Troop, 6th U. S. Cavalry, part of the service being in the Philippines. For the past two years Mr. Mau has been employed as blacksmith at the Road Construction Co.'s shop. These gentlemen solicit a share of their patronage and guarantee to deliver the goods.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

—Notice is hereby given that all persons who have an account against me are to render bill for same on or before the 1st day of March, 1916, and receive their pay.

Also, those parties who owe me for work done in the past are requested to call and pay their account by the first of March. All accounts not paid by that time will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

Yours respectfully,
Chas. F. Kelp,
Formerly Griesbach & Kelp.

SENTENCED TO THREE YEARS.

Walter Weinbrenner appeared before Judge Park Wednesday evening and pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery, and the judge sentenced him to three years in the state prison. Weinbrenner had forged his brother's name to a note for \$23.00. The sentence was suspended, however, and the young man was placed on probation and if he conducts himself in the proper manner it is probable that he will get out of it without serving any time.

FATHER FLIEDNER RESIGNS.

Rev. A. C. Fliedner, who has had charge of the Episcopal church in this city during the past five years, has resigned his position, same to take effect on the 15th of February. During the time Fliedner has been in his home in this city he has made many friends who will be sorry to know that he has decided to leave us, but who can only wish him success in his new position. Rev. Fliedner will go to Danville, Pa., where he will have charge of a church.

WILL HAVE A BIG TIME.

The Eagles are figuring on a big time next month when they will hold a carnival. It will not be one of the outdoor affairs such as we have during the summer time, but will be in the amusement hall, and will be a big time. The day will be wound up with a dance in the evening and it is apparent that a good time is one of the objects of the affair.

HALL WANTS TO BE GOVERNOR.

In a letter recently sent to the Stevens Point Journal by Don C. Hall, Mr. Hall states that he intends to open his campaign in March as a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor of Wisconsin. Mr. Hall states that his position in the coming campaign will be outlined and explained in a few weeks.

GOT A HEAVY FINE.

Peter Mees of Marshfield was fined \$25.00 one day last week for selling cigarette trimmings to a boy under 16 years of age. When the law says you have a license, it is not lawful to sell the finished article or the "making" to boys under the age of 16.

SUPPER.

—First class German supper at First Moravian church Wednesday evening, February 16th, beginning at 5 o'clock p. m.

WHERE DID IT COME FROM?

It is evident by a recent editorial in the Wild Rose Times that things are taking an awful turn down in that otherwise fair but sandy village. It seems that they recently had a dance in the town and that some of the men over-exerted themselves at the dance and thereby created an unusual thirst. While attempting to quench the thirst they imbibed a little too much and some of them, or whatever you have a mind to call it, and while in this disgusting and unmanly condition they escorted certain of the young ladies to their homes. It does not appear that the young ladies have put up any hotter about the matter, but the Editor of the Wild Rose Times thinks that it was a shocking occurrence, and we heartily agree with him. It is a pity that the boys taking a nip, but is a pity that some of the girls may have "hooked upon the wine while it was red." He needn't worry a bit. There isn't one of them that will go to the dance with a drink on, and that part of it is all right. The Times man doesn't mention the fact that Wild Rose is a dry town and that according to the law no one is supposed to be trafficking in any kind of wine, malt or spirituous liquors. It might be well to go after the fellows that bring in the stuff.

The author of the above lies in the shape of a lie while the near breezes fan his fevered brow and the top of the waves tell him to sleep. He has no regrets of yesterday, no cares for today, and no tomorrow, no tax on his happiness, and no remorse. He owns sixteen dogs and has half a dozen wives. Life is one easy dream with no tailor bills, and parties nor political campaigns to worry him. A history of his life would make heaven look like a busy day on Wall street. Yet we read missionaries down to his island to civilize him and teach him the ways of the world, and he should be clothed, properly fed and housed, and only have one wife. We show him how to levy taxes and conduct political campaigns, drink whiskey and play poker, and he will go to the mission to hear on him, so that he will not spend his life in idleness. We teach him that there is a heaven and a hell, and tell him that the chances are that he will go to the hell as much like ours as it is possible to do to a man whose forefathers have lived for generations in a country where corruption is considered a crime and a burden to a human being. Yes, this civilization is a marvelous achievement, and the only wonder is that more missionaries are not made into pot smokers, and that they show in the case. The only explanation that can be given of the matter is to quote the old saying, "that misery loves company."

They say that out in California there are several towns where the women have asserted their equal rights to such an extent that they go right into the saloons and take a drink of the purest and strongest drink of the town and never bat an eye. Now, that is what we call equal rights. The mere matter of voting would never elevate a woman to the plane where she rightfully belongs, but when she can march into a saloon, elbow her way up to the bar, and leaning across the mahogany have the barkeep set out her usual brand of poison without saying a word, then she can really and truly say that she is the equal of her former lord and master. It is not the big things of life like voting and holding office that count so much in this world, but rather the little things like the one mentioned above that set one on the same level with his neighbor. Not only the women of California, but California itself, is to be congratulated.

WILL BE CANDIDATE FOR CITY TREASURER.

—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for City Treasurer at the coming Spring election. If elected, I will serve the people to the best of my ability. I shall appreciate your vote.

Yours respectfully,
Joseph Rolland.

CHANGE THE TIRES.

Tires may with advantage be taken off every 2,000 miles and turned around, so that they will run in the opposite direction, says the Automobile Dealer and Repairer. This has been proved to give longer life, and is especially true in the case of the tires on the rims for rust and dust. They will be all the better for this attention. The jacking up of the wheels also enables one to test the bearings both easily and quickly, correcting any trouble in that direction almost at its inception.

GOT A HEAVY FINE.

Peter Mees of Marshfield was fined \$25.00 one day last week for selling cigarette trimmings to a boy under 16 years of age. When the law says you have a license, it is not lawful to sell the finished article or the "making" to boys under the age of 16.

SUPPER.

—First class German supper at First Moravian church Wednesday evening, February 16th, beginning at 5 o'clock p. m.

February 10, 11 & 12

are days set by the Belgian Relief Committee

To Help Belgian Sufferers

We have assembled various articles of kind and character wanted, and priced extremely low. Ask US, if you would buy of these special lots.

For Saturday, February 12th

We will have a SPECIAL SALE on Men's Outing Flannel NIGHT SHIRTS and PAJAMAS, for one day only



Men's Outing Flannel Night Shirts

Men's Outing Flannel Night Shirts regular 75c value, special for Saturday 58c

PERUNA TONIC

Are You Well?

What would you give to be perfectly well? All you have got, of course, it may be that your trouble is of a catarrhal nature. Catarrh of the head, Catarrh of the stomach, Catarrh of some internal organ. If so, Peruna will help you. If the road to perfect health, by one bottle. No further argument will be necessary.

Coughs Colds Catarrh

PERUNA TONIC

Mean Thing.
Elsie—Maude's face is her fortune.
Alice—My dear, you mean misfortune, don't you?—Judge.

THE PROFESSOR'S STATEMENT.

Prof. Aug. F. W. Schmitt, Thomas, Okla., writes: "I was troubled with Backache for about twenty-five years. When told I had Bright's Disease in its last stages, I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. After using two boxes I was somewhat relieved and I stopped the treatment. In the spring of the next year I had another attack. I went for Dodd's Kidney Pills and they relieved me again. I used three boxes. That is now three years ago and my Backache has not returned in its severity, and by using another two boxes a little later on, the pain left altogether and I have had no trouble since. You may use my statement. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills when and wherever I can." Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Junk.
"Smithers bought eight million shares of mining stock yesterday." "Great Scott! Where did he get the money?" "He didn't need much. He got the stocks for a cent a pound as waste paper."

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only the famous "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

His Liberty.
"Hm! This is the tenth time you have been before me," sternly said Squire Peavy.
"Fassall," replied Brother Ram-diddy, "is under no 'pression' 'tuh oo leventh. I don't p'ussom to say one thing when a smart white man tells me diffunt. But let it go, anyhow, sah; I means to give good measure. Allus was plumb lib'ral dat-uh-way."—Judge.

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day back-ache, each is cause enough to suspect a kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans get it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 75% more deaths than in 1880 in the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

A Michigan Case

Joseph Hoover, 393 S. Catherine St., E. A. City, Mich., says: "My back ached intensely and I couldn't stoop. I often got so dizzy I had to sit down. Doctors' medicine had little effect and I got thin and weak. Three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, removing the backache and restoring my kidneys to a normal condition. I have never had another trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they permanently cure constipation. Millions more deaths than in 1880 in the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small, Pink, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 6-1916

One Snowy Night

By FRANCES E. LANYON

(Copyright, 1916, by W. G. Chapman.)

Norman Bliss had come to Riverdale with a happy, hopeful heart. He left it gloomy, disappointed and discouraged. Ringing in his ears were words it seemed he never would forget:

"I would not marry this country lout, if he were the last man in the world!"

And Viola Tascott had spoken that fatal sentence—peerless, beautiful Viola, whom he had come to Riverdale to see, to woo, to wed, if she would but say the word.

And now, driving his farm team back to his lonely, lowly prairie home, the brave stalwart, young fellow, hunched as he thought over the vivid heart history of the past week.

He had lived in Plainfield, fifty miles across country from Riverdale, where his father died. At the former town Viola had come to visit a cousin, and he had met her. They were quite companionable, when old Mr. Bliss died suddenly. The family home and some other property had been owned by Mr. Bliss and, of course, Norman would inherit it. When the estate came to be settled up, however, one James Monks, a lawyer, seized the same under a mortgage.

Norman was amazed. Time and again he remembered his father had told him that the old mortgage on the property had all been paid up. The records, however, did not show any

Dimly He Made Out a Shadowy Mass.

release deed. Monks foreclosed on the old trust deed and seized the property.

On the bleak, Dakota prairie, half way between the two towns, Mr. Bliss owned a small farm. This was not included in the mortgage, and was inherited by Norman, free of incumbrance. It was a solitary, desolate spot, but his only possession. With manly spirit and a hopeful heart, he took up his abode in the little one-story house, and started in to get a profit out of the land.

It proved to be a phenomenal season for wheat, and he was proud and joyful when he had disposed of the crop and figured up his gains. That winter Viola was again at Plainfield, visiting her relatives. Norman brought his only live stock, his sturdy farm team, to Plainfield, stabled it at a livery and remained a month in the town.

During those blissful four weeks he was almost a constant companion of Viola. Not a word of love passed between them, but he had every reason to believe that Viola took something more than a friendly interest in himself and his fortunes. When he had bidden her good-by, her brother invited him to their house in Riverdale in the early spring, and there was a positive echo of the invitation in the expressive eyes of his pretty sister.

So, all through the rest of the winter, Norman lived on the encouragement of this message. He hired a man to run the farm early in May, and went to Riverdale, as said, with a happy, hopeful heart.

Young Tascott acted like a true friend, and Viola welcomed him with apparent pleasure. Norman secured a room at the village hotel. Every afternoon there was tennis, or a picnic or some society function at the Tascott home, where Norman was received as an honored guest. Viola had her girl cousins visiting her and they were a sociable, jolly group.

Then that unfortunate afternoon Norman was passing the open window of a room in which Viola and some of her friends were gathered. He heard his name spoken before he reached the window. He heard, as he passed it, those fatal words:

"I would not marry that country lout, if he were the last man in the world!"

What inference could he divine except the one that he had been under discussion, and that Viola had spoken her mind. Stunned, crushed, humiliated, he hastened to the hotel. While he was there, he learned from Riverdale as though it held a pestilence. He left no particular word for Viola or for her brother.

Then, in solitude, loneliness and gloom, Norman settled down to the hardest kind of work on his little farm. He never went to Riverdale, he made no inquiries concerning his former friends, the clock of his life seemed to have stopped for him, and he lost his nerve and ambition.

To make matters worse, the crops were a complete failure that year. What produce Norman took to Plainfield to sell barely paid his debts. Winter came on, and he was not able to put in the usual annual supply of coal.

It was a harsh, shivery season, full

IN SHAPE OF LOCOMOTIVE

Remarkable Clock That Has Been Constructed by Ingenious Kansas Mechanic—Eight-Day Type.

Quite a curious clock has been constructed by a Kansas mechanic in the form of a miniature locomotive. The dial, which is made of imitation ebony, is fixed on one side of the highly ornate cab of the engine and is studded with small ruby and green-colored incandescent lamps.

The interior of the cab is supplied with several other tiny globes, while the headlight, which is fitted with both a reflector and lens, also mounts a lamp. A switch controlled by the clock automatically turns the current on at six o'clock in the evening and cuts it off 12 hours later. The headlight, the lamps in the cab, and those on the face of the clock are wired in separate circuits.

Each of these groups is flashed independently of the others at intervals of about 15 seconds and remains lighted for a period of approximately three seconds. The clock is of standard make and of the eight-day type. It strikes on the hour and half hour by ringing the engine bell and while doing this turns the driving wheels of the locomotive, which do not touch the tiny rock-balled track on which they apparently rest. A manual switch at the rear of the cab provides an auxiliary control of the lamps.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Parrot That Talked Egyptian.

In regard to the birds of the Bahamas, a lady of my acquaintance resented this valuable information from the lips of one of the intelligent back drivers of Nassau. She had noticed a bird looking something like a black parrot, and had asked the driver if it actually was a parrot. Oh, yes, it was a parrot, all right, he said. (By the way, it wasn't.) Did it talk, the lady asked. Oh, yes, it talked, but—and this was the really interesting information—it "only talked Egyptian!" "Egyptian!" exclaimed the lady. Yes! all the birds of the island talked Egyptian. Could he understand them? Well, just a little—but—in short, he confessed that his own Egyptian was rusty; but the birds talked it all right for sure.—Richard Lo Gallienne, in Harper's Magazine.

Apt Description.

Grandpa was mending the bureau and he sent little Elsie to ask the janitor for one or two screws. When Elsie found the janitor she had forgotten the word "screws," so she said: "Grandpa wants some nails with ruffles on."

Nothing New to Mike.
The New York Giants were exercising in Texas when one night Mike Donlin crept into the Pullman that was sidetracked at Waco a long while after hours, greatly to the rage of John J. McGraw. Now, according to Donlin, there is supposed to be but one complete humiliation for a ball player who goes against the winter training rules. The culprit is assigned to an upper berth in the sleeper. McGraw was awakened when the belated Donlin climbed into the car and says he:

Ostriches Once of Immense Size.

That ostriches once grew 15 feet in height is shown by remains found in the island of Madagascar.

NEW BURGLARS' TOOL IS WONDER

It Is Called the "Old Man With Four Legs" and Never Fails.

INVENTOR IS CONVICT

Contrivance Is Made of Steel and Rips Off Safe Knob Without Making Noise—"Soup" Sometimes Necessary.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—A few years ago a mechanic fashioned a few strips of steel at his home forge and the grotesque creation of this man, who is now serving time in the Ohio penitentiary, was christened "old man" and by way of distinction he was spoken of as having four legs. But such legs!

When top story men worked in the Michigan Trust building here on a recent Sunday and tore out the combinations of two safes and shot another with nitroglycerin, the "old man" with the four legs left his imprints on the safe. Where his "feet" had been planted were four dents. Those marks spoke volumes to the detectives.

Only the expert safe crackers use the "old man." The man whose brain gave birth to this ingenious tool fashioned a most powerful and useful implement for the "craft" who use explosives and drill steel safes for a living when some commonwealth is not feeding and housing them in exchange for a safe cracking job or some other depre-dation.

A piece of steel fashioned into the semblance of a narrow horseshoe is the framework of the "old man." There is just enough room between these strips to enable the "old man" to drop over the knob of the safe. Four holes drilled in the "old man's" frame furnish the foothold for the four legs.

The holes are threaded with a fine thread, as are the legs.

Once the "old man" fastens his grip upon the safe knob the legs are screwed into the holes. The close threads on bolts and hole give the "old man" a tremendous wrenching power and with a monkey wrench the legs are screwed down.

In a moment they are fast and the "old man's" back is bent to the task. So short and powerful is his frame and so closely set are his legs that there is no chance for him to bend at his work. The combination commences to give and as the jaws of the wrench twist the legs in deeper the knob is slowly torn out. Entrance to the safe then is easy and the inner compartments, once bared, are easily battered in.

The "old man's" right hand aid is a self-feed drill which can be fastened

Only Expert Safe Crackers Use the "Old Man."

into the "old man's" frame as easily as one of the legs. An extra hole is drilled into the frame and into this fits the threaded bolt that holds the drill steady and in place. But the drill is used only where the charge of "soup," or nitroglycerin, is resorted to in blowing the safe.

Fastened on Knob.
In this case the yeggs fasten the "old man" securely on the safe knob. The drill is placed and the yegg then feeds the steel drill as he turns the handle. The bolt that holds the drill to its work and which is fastened into the "old man's" frame is one piece, while the drill is set inside of a threaded bolt that pushes it forward with the regularity the yegg uses in drilling.

After the hole is deep enough the "soup" is administered and the hole is covered with wax and a fuse attached; office rugs are thrown over the safe and the yeggs step to one side as the fuse is fired. The real yeggs use just enough "soup" to accomplish the work of wrecking the safe without blowing the doors through a wall or making unnecessary noise.

GET LICENSES FOR "HOT DOG"

Missouri City Has the Tags on Hand and Decides to Put Them on the Wiener.

Joplin, Mo.—Anyone who decides hereafter to enter upon the business of dispensing hot wieners, frankfurters and such like, in this city, must first obtain a dog license. While vendors of these sausages in cooked form are popularly known as "hot dog" dealers, the adoption of this form of license had no peculiar significance in the minds of the municipal authorities.

With the close of the year went the licensing of dogs, which left the city with a perfectly good form of license on hand, so it was ordered to be served for what is popularly known as the "hot dog" industry.

Fortunate Accident.

"That there least boy of mine, Bearcat, takes after his maw's mother," stated Mr. Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge. "It's a lucky thing that he wasn't born a two-headed boy, or he'd shore battle himself to death."—Kansas City Star.

Takes Toll of Potatoes.
A watchman at the central crossing between Shiloh and Bridgeport, N. J., gets his winter supply of potatoes free by exacting a toll from each load that passes his way.

THE BUILDING OF A COUNTRY

The Natural Pride of Those Who Take Part in It.

To those who have built railroads through and across the prairies of Western Canada, connecting that great empire of grain and cattle, horse and sheep with the world's markets in the east, must be awarded the privilege of looking upon their work, and its results with pardonable pride. If they remember, and tell of the hardships and the privations, why shouldn't they? The broad prairies on which the buffalo roamed and fed, are now alive with cities, towns and villages. Farms—large and small—on which machinery has chased the bugaboo of laborious work off the farm, and making a far more pleasant and profitable life of the most pleasant and prosperous of occupations—are being cultivated by men of the highest stamp of manhood. Many of these have inherited from their forebears the physical strength and the high type of manliness that was theirs in the days when they hewed their homes out of the virgin forest, and made them what may be seen today, beautiful farms in the east. On the whole the western prairies breed a high type of manhood, wrest from him faults and diseases which would be his were it not for the upbuilding influence and character of prairie life.

When the builder of the western Canadian prairie looks upon the result of his work, why shouldn't his chest expand? It was probably some of this feeling of pride that took possession of Sir Donald Mann, vice president of the Canadian Northern Railway the other day in Winnipeg, when he said: "I am not in the habit of giving advice, but I have no hesitation in advising the young men of Canada, every young man, to get out and get a piece of western Canada's land that now can be had for the asking and be their own masters."

"It was 36 years ago when I first came to Winnipeg," he said. "At that time there were less than 150,000 people west of Lake Huron in Canada, and the only bit of railway in operation was between St. Boniface and Emerson—about sixty miles. Today there are nearly 20,000 miles of railway in actual operation and the population is over two and a quarter million, a wonderful achievement in such a short period you will agree, when you have contemplated it a moment."

"At that time all the flour, meat and many other supplies for our country were brought from the States. Now consider what the work is doing today. You have a grain production exceeding a billion bushels and yet only a comparatively small area of the tillable land of the country is occupied. Five years hence you will be more than doubling that."—Advertisement.

HEADED THE SIGN.

Near Springfield, Mass. there is a big parklike estate owned by a man who has a strong distaste for trespassers. To prevent the violation of his privacy, he posted all manner of warning signs on his place.

One evening he encountered a strange couple taking a "lovers' walk" on his property.

"Can't you read?" growled the owner, as he pointed to a sign.

"We can read, all right," said the swain.

"That sign there?" demanded the man, with another growl.

"We have read it," returned the other. "It says 'Private,' and that's just why we came down here."—Everybody's Magazine.

Leading Question.

In a school for feeble-minded children a highly young teacher was one day counting out her money, whilst standing at her desk facing her class. Presently one of the youngsters, who had been watching the proceedings with undisguised interest, broke out:

"Please, miss, is them yer wages?"

Darting a glance of indignation at the inquisitive boy, she remarked with curt displeasure:

"Yes."

"Oh," said the boy, with wide-open eyes and mouth, "when does ye work for 'em?"

That's the Way, Girls.
The Chicago Post reports that the first Chicago girl to take advantage of her lumpy privileges landed her man and married him within an hour. That's the stuff. Look him over, girls, and be sure he is worth the powder, and shot it would take to kill him, and then use the hooks. He can't get away.—Houston Post.

With the Onward march of civilization more opportunities arise for men to make tools of themselves.

COFFEE WAS IT.
People Slowly Learn the Facts.

"All my life I have been a slave to coffee. I kept gradually losing my health, but I used to say nonsense, it don't hurt me."

"Slowly I was forced to admit the truth and the final result was that my nervous force was shattered."

"My heart became weak and uncertain in its action and that frightened me. Then my physician told me that I must stop drinking coffee or I could never expect to be well again."

"I thought of Postum but could hardly bring myself to give up the coffee."

"Finally I concluded that I owed it to myself to give Postum a trial. I got a package and carefully followed the directions, and what a delicious, nourishing, rich drink it was! Do you know, I found it very easy to shift from coffee to Postum."

"Almost immediately after I made the change I found myself better, and as the days went by I kept on improving. My nerves grew steady, I slept well and felt strong and well-balanced. Now the old nervousness is gone and I am well once more."

It pays to give up the drink that acts on some like a poison, for health is the greatest fortune one can have. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

THE BUILDING OF A COUNTRY

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WOMAN WHO TERRORIZED ELIZABETH, N. J., IS GIVEN OPTION OF FINE OR JAIL.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Loring P. Crossman, a six-foot athletic looking fellow, two years out of Haverford College, the son of G. A. Crossman, a lumber man of Portland, Me., pleaded guilty before Judge Owen P. Mahon to Jekyll-Hyde tactics in Elizabeth which consisted of his being a respectable citizen by day and a terror and shock to women and girls by night. Judge Mahon sentenced him to six months in jail or pay a fine of \$60. Crossman, who is 24 years old, first elected to see the jail term, but a few minutes later he paid the fine and was hurried away by his father.

For weeks Crossman, who worked for an engraving firm in New York,

Suddenly Appeared Before Women and Girls.

provided in residential streets at night, suddenly appearing before women and girls in such a manner as to terrify them. When he was caught, after some twenty-five complaints had reached Police Chief Mulcahy and Sgt. Ward, Crossman attributed his mania to a sort of Mr. Hyde spell.

Crossman was engaged to marry a Portland girl. He was once a Y. M. C. A. worker.

FLEES FROM HER SON'S WIFE

Woman Seeks Refuge in Jail After Controversy With Her Daughter-in-Law.

Wabash, Ind.—Mrs. Frances Hinkle, 60 years old, a widow, and owner of a valuable farm near here, came to jail here, as a measure of protection, she said, from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. John H. Hinkle, who, with her husband, was a tenant on the widow's farm.

Late at night the sheriff received a telephone call from Mrs. Hinkle asking that officers be sent after her and that she be brought home for safe keeping. The request was complied with, and the woman was allowed to remain at the jail until her son and daughter could move.

According to the woman's story, she and Mr. and Mrs. John Hinkle had an altercation following her refusal to permit her daughter-in-law to drive a nail in a door to hang a picture. Mrs. Hinkle said, that the younger woman threatened her.

JUSTICES WED 1,937 COUPLES

Jeffersonville, Ind., Proves to Be a Thriving Green in 1915.

Jeffersonville, Ind.—Justices of the peace here have 1,937 wedding ceremonies to their credit for 1915. December brought 260 couples to them, many being from adjoining states.

The last two couples came to this Green in the past year from Kentucky. Justice Vester performed the ceremony for Arthur J. Slezig and Miss Elizabeth C. Lockman, both of Louisville, and Owen Tipton and Miss Kate Bennett, both of Adair county, who were maid and wife by Magistrate James.

HIS LAUGH WINS FORTUNE

Identifies Tailor to Detectives as Heir to the Snug Sum of \$40,000.

St. Louis.—Two detectives walked into a tailor's shop here the other day and stopped beside a man they thought was Giles B. Read of Paducah, Ky. "Size 33," said a detective gravely. Read laughed.

"That proves it," said the other visitor. "We were asked to find a man by the name of Giles B. Read, who would laugh when we said 'Size 33.' We wanted to tell you that you have come into possession of \$40,000, and the money is waiting for you."

Robbers Carried Safe in Auto.
Riverside, N. J.—The \$500-pound safe in the office of William C. Maute's hotel was loaded into an automobile and carried eight miles from town before it was blown. The robbers obtained some un negotiable papers.

Slipped While Arranging Noose.

Delton, Mich.—John Williams of this place slipped from a ladder which he was climbing in order to hang himself and fell to the floor, striking his head so heavily that he was killed. He was arranging the noose when he slipped.

Aged Woman a Chicken Thief.
Danville, Ind.—Mrs. Ella Gibbs, aged seventy years, was found guilty of stealing chickens from Frank Stephenson, a neighbor here, and sentenced to spend thirty days in jail and pay a fine of \$100.

Farmer's Debt to the Silo.

The Wall Street Journal calls the period between 1910 and 1915 the "era of the silo" in American agriculture, adding: "The silo is the fortress by which the American farmer restores and develops the fertility of the farm acres to pristine productiveness."

Man and His Troubles.
Only two kinds of people in the world, the man whose troubles are bigger than he and the man who is bigger than his troubles.—Minneapolis Journal.

HEALTH FOR SICK WOMEN

For Forty Years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Been Woman's Most Reliable Medicine—Here is More Proof.

To women who are suffering from some form of woman's special ills, and have a constant fear of breaking down, the three following letters ought to bring hope:—

Testimony from Oklahoma.

Lawton, Okla.—"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I seemed to be good for nothing. I tired easily and had headaches much of the time and was irregular. I took it again before my little child was born and it did me a wonderful amount of good at that time. I never fail to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to ailing women because it has done so much for me."—Mrs. A. L. McCasland, 609 Hlave St., Lawton, Okla.

From a Grateful Massachusetts Woman.

Roxbury, Mass.—"I was suffering from inflammation and was examined by a physician who found that my trouble was caused by a displacement. My symptoms were bearing down pains, backache, and sluggish liver. I tried several kinds of medicine, then I was asked to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has cured me and I am pleased to be in my usual good health by using it and highly recommend it."—Mrs. B. M. Osborn, 11 Hayes Park, Roxbury, Mass.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be answered, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Puts a ... Stop to all Distemper CURES THE SICK

And prevents others having the disease no matter how exposed. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle. Send for a dozen bottles. All good druggists and mail order houses. SCOTT'S MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Merely Preliminary.
Hansen—I foolishly promised my wife a new silk gown this fall, and it cost me nearly \$10 already. Woodson—For material? Bronson—Oh! no; that's what she's spent in carting looking up samples.

ITCHING, BURNING SCALPS
Cured With Canduff Yield Readily to Cuticura. Trial Free.

Cuticura Soap to cleanse the scalp of dandruff eruptions and scallies, and Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal itching and irritations. Nothing better, surer or more economical than these super-cure emollients for hair and scalp troubles of young or old.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Send everywhere—Adv.

Love is not only blind, but seems to be unable to detect a gin breath of long standing.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. F. Watson. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

A diet of oranges will clear muddy complexions and reduce superabundant curves.

Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes.
make me look older than I am. Keep your eyes young and you will look young. After the Myopia Murine Your Eyes. Don't let your eyes grow old. Write to Dr. J. C. F. Watson, Chicago. Send Eye Book on request.

Men tell more lies about their weight than women do about their age.

Jealous.
"What a beautiful complexion Mrs. Blank has tonight." "Yes; I've noticed that, too. I wonder what druggist she is patronizing now."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.
Drugs not used in any case. No operation. No pain. No trouble. No expense. Write to Dr. J. C. F. Watson, Chicago. Send Pile Book on request.

Jealous.
"What a beautiful complexion Mrs. Blank has tonight." "Yes; I've noticed that, too. I wonder what druggist she is patronizing now."

When all others fail to please Try Denison's Coffee.

Whisky straight is the cause—a crooked walk the effect.

SUDDEN DEATH

Caused by Disease of the Kidneys

The close connection which exists between the heart and the kidneys is well known. As soon as the kidneys are diseased, arterial tension is increased and the heart functions are attacked. When the kidneys no longer pour forth waste, uric acid poisoning occurs, and the person dies and the cause is often given as heart disease, or disease of brain or lungs.

It is a good insurance against such a risk to send 10 cents for a large trial package of "Anurie"—the latest discovery of Dr. Pierce. Also send a sample of your water. This will be examined without charge by expert chemists at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. When you suffer from backache, frequent or scanty urine, rheumatic pains here or there, or that constant tired, worn-out feeling, it's time to write Dr. Pierce, describe your symptoms and get his medical opinion, without charge—absolutely free. This "Anurie" of Dr. Pierce is 37 times more powerful than lithia, for it dissolves uric acid in the system, as hot water does sugar.

Simply ask for Dr. Pierce's Anurie Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anurie" is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the name on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women.

Worry is a frequent cause and sometimes a symptom of kidney disease. Thousands have testified to immediate relief from these symptoms after using Dr. Pierce's Anurie Tablets for the kidneys and backache.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong, sick women well. No alcohol. Sold in tablets or liquid.

Three Hundred Million Bushel Crop in 1915

Farmer pay for their land with one year's crop and prosperity was never so great.

Regarding Western Canada as a grain producer, a prominent business man says: "Canada's position today is sounder than ever. There is more wheat, more oats, more grain for feed, 20% more cattle than last year and more hogs. The war market in Europe needs our surplus. As for the wheat crop, it is marvelous and a monument of strength for business confidence to build upon, exceeding the most optimistic predictions."

Wheat averaged in 1915 over 25 bushels per acre
Oats averaged in 1915 over 45 bushels per acre
Barley averaged in 1915 over 40 bushels per acre

Prices are high, markets convenient, excellent land, low in price either improved or otherwise, ranging from \$12 to \$30 per acre. Free homestead lands are plentiful and not far from railway lines and convenient to good schools and churches. The climate is healthful.

There is no war tax on land, nor is there any conscription. For complete information as to best locations for settlement, reduced railroad rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, address Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, or Geo. A. Hall, 123 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. A. Lawler, Marquette, Mich.

Canadian Government Agents

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small, Pink, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 6-1916

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day back-ache, each is cause enough to suspect a kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans get it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 75% more deaths than in 1880 in the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

A Michigan Case

Joseph Hoover, 393 S. Catherine St., E. A. City, Mich., says: "My back ached intensely and I couldn't stoop. I often got so dizzy I had to sit down. Doctors' medicine had little effect and I got thin and weak. Three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, removing the backache and restoring my kidneys to a normal condition. I have never had another trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Are You Well?

What would you give to be perfectly well? All you have got, of course, it may be that your trouble is of a catarrhal nature. Catarrh of the head, Catarrh of the stomach, Catarrh of some internal organ. If so, Peruna will help you. If the road to perfect health, by one bottle. No further argument will be necessary.

Coughs Colds Catarrh

PERUNA TONIC

Mean Thing.
Elsie—Maude's face is her fortune.
Alice—My dear, you mean misfortune, don't you?—Judge.

THE PROFESSOR'S STATEMENT.

Prof. Aug. F. W. Schmitt, Thomas, Okla., writes: "I was troubled with Backache for about twenty-five years. When told I had Bright's Disease in its last stages, I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. After using two boxes I was somewhat relieved and I stopped the treatment. In the spring of the next year I had another attack. I went for Dodd's Kidney Pills and they relieved me again. I used three boxes. That is now three years ago and my Backache has not returned in its severity, and by using another two boxes a little later on, the pain left altogether and I have had no trouble since. You may use my statement. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills when and wherever I can." Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Junk.
"Smithers bought eight million shares of mining stock yesterday." "Great Scott! Where did he get the money?" "He didn't need much. He got the stocks for a cent a pound as waste paper."

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only the famous "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

His Liberty.
"Hm! This is the tenth time you have been before me," sternly said Squire Peavy.
"Fassall," replied Brother Ram-diddy, "is under no 'pression' 'tuh oo leventh. I don't p'ussom to say one thing when a smart white man tells me diffunt. But let it go, anyhow, sah; I means to give good measure. Allus was plumb lib'ral dat-uh-way."—Judge.

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day back-ache, each is cause enough to suspect a kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans get it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 75% more deaths than in 1880 in the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

A Michigan Case

Joseph Hoover, 393 S. Catherine St., E. A. City, Mich., says: "My back ached intensely and I couldn't stoop. I often got so dizzy I had to sit down. Doctors' medicine had little effect and I got thin and weak. Three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, removing the backache and restoring my kidneys to a normal condition. I have never had another trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they permanently cure constipation. Millions more deaths than in 1880 in the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small, Pink, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 6-1916

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W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 6-1916

One Snowy Night

By FRANCES E. LANYON

(Copyright, 1916, by W. G. Chapman.)

Norman Hills had come to Riverdale with a happy, hopeful heart. He left it gloomy, disappointed and discouraged. Ringing in his ears were words it seemed he never would forget.

"I would not marry this country lout, if he were the last man in the world."

And Viola Tascott had spoken that fatal sentence—poor, beautiful Viola, whom he had come to Riverdale to see, to woo, to wed, if she would but say the word.

And now, driving his farm team back to his lonely, lowly practice house, the brave stalwart young fellow thought of the past week.

He had lived in Plainfield, fifty miles across country from Riverdale, where his father died. At the former town, Viola had come to visit a cousin, and he had met her. They were quite companionable, when old Mr. Hills died suddenly. The family home and some other property had been owned by Mr. Hills and, of course, Norman would inherit it. When the estate came to be settled up, however, one James Moulis, a lawyer, seized the same under a mortgage.

Norman was amazed. Time and again he remembered his father had told him that all been paid up. The records, however, did not show any

release deed. Moulis foreclosed on the old trust deed and seized the property.

On the bleak, Dakota prairie, half way between the two towns, Mr. Hills owned a small farm. This was not inherited by Norman, free of incumbrance. It was a solitary, desolate spot, but his only possession. With manly spirit and a hopeful heart, he took up his abode in the little one-story house, and started in to get a profit out of the land.

It proved to be a phenomenal season for wheat, and he was proud and joyful when he had disposed of the crop and figured up his gains. That winter Viola was again at Plainfield, visiting her relatives. Norman brought his only live stock, his sturdy farm team, to Plainfield, stabled it at a livery and remained a month in the town.

During those blissful four weeks he was almost a constant companion of Viola. Not a word of love passed between them, but he had every reason to believe that Viola took something more than a friendly interest in him. When he was good-by, her brother invited him to their house in Riverdale in the early spring, and there was a positive echo of the invitation in the expressive eyes of his pretty sister.

So, all through the rest of the winter, Norman lived on the encouragement all this presaged. He lived at home, and when he came to the city, he went to the law office of his father's friend, Mr. Moulis, and stayed there, with a happy, hopeful heart.

Young Tascott acted like a true friend, and Viola welcomed him with apparent pleasure. Norman secured a room at the village hotel. Every afternoon there was tennis, or a picnic or some society function at the house of the Moulis family. Viola had her girl cousins visiting her and they were a sociable, jolly group.

Then that unfortunate afternoon Norman was passing the open window of a room in which Viola and some of her friends were gathered. He heard her speak before he passed it, those fateful words: "I would not marry that country lout, if he were the last man in the world!"

What inference could he divine except the one that he had been spoken of in discussion, and that Viola had spoken her mind. Stunned, crushed, humiliated, he hastened to the hotel. Within an hour he was fleeing from Riverdale as though it held a pestilence. He left no particular word for Viola or for her brother.

Then, in solitude, loneliness and gloom, Norman settled down to the hardest kind of work on his little farm. He never went to Riverdale, he made no inquiries concerning his former friends, the clock of his life seemed to have stopped for him, and he lost his nerve and ambition.

To make matters worse, the crops were a complete failure that year. What produce Norman took to the field to sell barely paid his debts. Winter came on, and he was not able to put in the usual annual supply of coal.

It was a harsh, shivery season, full of privation and discomfort. Many a night he sought rest early to save the little heap of cordwood he had in store.

Then came a two weeks' spell of twenty below zero weather. To keep from positive suffering, Norman had to use up his little stock of cordwood. He began to gather up loose boards and chips around the place. He became alarmed for his team, and battered them into the little stable, tearing down a shed to repair the barn.

A part of the refuse of the shed and his boards sufficed for quite a fuel supply for the rude fireplace in the kitchen of the cabin.

There had been a heavy fall of snow, then it had cleared off bitterly cold. Stated shivering by the almost empty fireplace, Norman had decided to drive with his team to Plainfield and put up at the hotel there till spring.

The day had opened clear and bright, but towards noon the snow had begun to fall. Now it was a howling, blinding tempest. With the exception of a few bits of wood the fuel supply was absolutely exhausted.

What was that? cried Norman suddenly, and sprang to his feet, for above the walling of the wind a clear, sharp cry had echoed forth in the grasp of the tempest outside.

Dimly he made out a shadowy mass in black contrast where the road had been. He struggled through the snow to discover a horse, attached to a sleigh. The seat was the form of a man, evidently overcome by the intense cold. Staggering towards him was a woman, apparently attracted by the lights in the cabin, and screaming for help.

It was Viola Tascott! She fell half fainting into his arms. He bore her into the cabin, placed her on the big sofa near the fireplace, dashed forth again, discovered that the horse was dead, and then bore in his arms into the cabin the overcome brother of the girl he loved.

Norman at once comprehended that the Tascotts had started across country that morning for Plainfield, to be overtaken by the storm. The brother lay unconscious. Viola was half sensible of her strange surroundings.

He! That was the essential of the story. Recklessly, Norman piled on the last splinter of wood. Then he rushed to a corner where a hatchet lay. He glared about him desperately. There stood the old desk in his father's study. It was soon a wreck. Soon, too, the fireplace blazed. She sat up and rubbed her eyes.

She told of their folly in trying to cross the bleak prairie. She aided Norman in seeing that her brother was administered to. Then he sat beside her on the settee, waiting for morning.

Only once she referred to the past. Why had he deserted them? He told her of those fateful overheard words at the window, and she, in black consternation, told him that what he listened to was part of an amateur play she was rehearsing with her cousins.

Then—then—might he hope she would regard the words he had come to speak to her as the long and short of it? Ah, love was mightier than the storm and poverty, and there their story was plighted.

NEW BURGLARS' TOOL IS WONDER

It Is Called the "Old Man With Four Legs" and Never Fails.

INVENTOR IS CONVICT

Contrivance Is Made of Steel and Rips Off Safe Knob Without Making Noise—"Soup" Sometimes Necessary.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—A few years ago a mechanic fashioned a few strips of steel at his home forge and the grotesque creation of this man, who is now serving time in the Ohio penitentiary, was christened "old man" and by way of distinction was spoken of as having four legs.

When two story men worked in the Michigan Trust building here on a recent Sunday and tore out the combinations of two safes and shot another with the four legs left his prints on the safe. Where his "feet" had been planted were four dents. Those marks spoke volumes to the detectives.

Only the expert safe crackers use the "old man." The men whose brain gave birth to this ingenious tool fashioned a most powerful and useful implement for the "craft" who use explosives and drill steel safes for a living when some commonwealth is not feeding and housing them in exchange for a safe cracking job or some other depredate.

"Old Man" Is Powerful.
A piece of steel fashioned into the semblance of a narrow horseshoe is the framework of the "old man." There is just enough room between these strips to enable the "old man" to drop over the knob of the safe.

Four holes drilled in the "old man's" frame furnish the foothold for the four legs.

The holes are threaded with a fine thread, as are the legs.

Once the "old man" fastens his grip upon the safe knob the legs are screwed into the holes. The close threads on bolts and hole give the "old man" a tremendous purchase power and with a monkey wrench the "legs" are screwed down.

In a moment they are fast and the "old man's" back is bent to the task. So short and powerful is his frame and so closely set are his legs that there is no chance for him to bend at his work. The combination commences to give and as the jaws of the wrench twist the legs in deeper the knob is slowly torn out. Entrance to the safe then is easy and the inner compartments, once bared, are easily battered in.

The "old man's" right hand aid is a self-feed drill which can be fastened to the back of the "old man."

Then—then—might he hope she would regard the words he had come to speak to her as the long and short of it? Ah, love was mightier than the storm and poverty, and there their story was plighted.

And then came a wonderful discovery, for among the litter from the old desk, doubtlessly driven out from some secret drawer, Norman chanced to pick up a folded sheet.

It was the hidden release deed that made him owner of the town property, and a rich man.

IN SHAPE OF LOCOMOTIVE

Remarkable Clock That Has Been Constructed by Ingenious Kansas Mechanic—Eight-Day Type.

Quite a curious clock has been constructed by a Kansas mechanic. In the form of a miniature locomotive, the dial, which is made of imitation ebony, is fixed on one side of the highly ornate cab of the engine and is studded with small ruby and green-colored incandescent lamps.

The interior of the cab is supplied with several other tiny globes, while the headlights, which are fitted with both a reflector and lens, are mounted on a lamp. A switch controlled by the clock, automatically turns the lights on at six o'clock in the evening and cuts it off 12 hours later.

The headlights, the lamps in the cab, and those on the face of the clock are wired in separate circuits.

Each of these groups is fastened independently of the others at the intervals of about 15 seconds and remains lighted for a period of approximately three seconds. The clock is of standard make and of the eight-day type. It strikes on the hour and half hour by ringing the engine bell and while doing this turns the driving wheels of the locomotive, which do not touch the ground but that pushes it forward with the regularity the yegg uses in drilling.

After the hole is deep enough the "soup" is administered and the hole is covered with wax and a fuse attached; office rugs are thrown over the safe and the yeggs fasten the "old man" securely on the safe knob. The drill is placed and the yegg then feeds the steel drill as he turns the handle. The bolt that holds the drill to its work and which is fastened into the "old man's" frame is one piece, while the drill is set inside of a threaded bolt that pushes it forward with the regularity the yegg uses in drilling.

Parrot That Talked Egyptian.
In regard to the birds of the Bahamas, a lady of my acquaintance reaped this valuable information from the lips of one of the intelligent drivers of Nassau. She had noticed a bird looking something like a black parrot, and had asked the driver if it actually was a parrot. Oh, yes, it was, a parrot, all right, he said. (By the way, it wasn't.) I did talk, the lady asked. Oh, yes, it talked; but—and this was the really interesting information—it "only talked Egyptian."

"Egyptian!" exclaimed the lady. "I have never heard of a parrot that talked Egyptian. Could he understand them? Well, just a little—but . . . in short, he confessed that his own Egyptian was rusty; but the birds talked it all right for sure."—Richard Le Gallienne, in Harper's Magazine.

Apt Description.
Grandpa was mending the bureau and he sent little Elsie to ask the janitor for one or two screws. When Elsie found the janitor she had forgotten the word "screws," so she said: "Grandpa wants some nails with riddles on."

Nothing New to Mike.
The New York Giants were exercising in Texas when one night Mike Donlin crept into the Pullman that was sidetracked at Waco a long while after hours, greatly to the rage of John J. McGraw. Now, according to Donlin, there is supposed to be but one person who goes against the winter training rules. The culprit is assigned to an upper berth in the sleeper. McGraw was awakened when the bolted Donlin climbed into the car and says he:

"Just for that, Mike, you take an upper." The manager had forgotten the player's previous servitudes and stealths in the way of personal train portation across the country. But Mike had not right. John, I've ridden 'em higher than uppers and lower than lowers."

Ostriches Once of Immense Size.
That ostriches once grew 15 feet in height is shown by remains found in the island of Madagascar.

THE BUILDING OF A COUNTRY

The Natural Pride of Those Who Take Part in It.

To those who have built railroads through and across the prairies of Western Canada, connecting that great empire of grain and cattle, horse and sheep with the world's markets in the east, must be awarded the privilege of looking upon their work, and its results with pardonable pride. If they remember, and tell of the hardships and the broad prairies on which they have labored, why shouldn't the buffalo roamed and fed, are now alive with cities, towns and villages. Farms—large and small—on which machinery has chased the bugaboo of laborious work off the farm, and making farm life one of the most pleasant and prosperous of occupations—have been cultivated by men of the highest stamp of manhood. Many of these have inherited from their forebears the physical strength and the high type of manliness that was theirs in the days when they heaved their homes out of the virgin forest, and made them what may be seen today, beautiful farms in the east. On the whole the western prairies breed a high type of manhood, wrest from him faults and diseases which would be his were it not for the upbuilding influence and character of prairie life.

When the builder of the western Canadian prairie looks upon the result of his work, why shouldn't his chest expand? It was probably some of this feeling of pride that took possession of Sir Donald Mann, vice president of the Canadian Northern railway, the other day in Winnipeg, when he said: "I am not in the habit of giving advice, but I have no hesitation in advising the young men of Canada, every young man, to get out and get a piece of western Canada's land that now can be had for the asking and be their own masters."

It was 35 years ago when I first came to Winnipeg," he said. "At that time there were less than 150,000 people west of Lake Huron in Canada. And the only bit of railway in operation was between St. Boniface and Emerson—about sixty miles. Today there are nearly 20,000 miles of railway in actual operation and the population is over two and a quarter million, a wonderful achievement in such a short period you will agree, when you have contemplated it in moment."

"At that time all the flour, meat and many other supplies for our contracts were brought from the States. Now consider what the west is doing today. You have a grain production exceeding a billion bushels and yet only a comparatively small area of the tillable land of the country is occupied. Five years hence you will be more than doubling that."—Advertisement.

Heeded the Sign.
Near Springfield, Mass., there is a big parklike estate owned by a man who has a strong detestation of trespassers. To prevent the violation of his privacy, he posted a sign in a manner of warning sign on his place.

One day, however, he encountered a strange couple taking a "lovers' walk" on his property.

"Can't you read?" growled the owner, as he pointed to a sign.

"We can read, all right," said the swain.

"That sign there," demanded the man, with another growl.

"We've read it," returned the other. "It says 'Private,' and that's just why we came down here."—Everybody's Magazine.

Leading Question.
In a school for feeble-minded children a naughty young teacher was one day counting out his money, whilst standing at the desk facing her class. Presently one of the youngsters, who had been watching the proceedings with undisguised interest, broke out: "Please, miss, is them yer vagues?"

Darting a glance of indignation at the inquisitive boy, she remarked with curt displeasure: "Yes."

"Oh," said the boy, with wide-opened eyes and mouth, "when does ye work for 'em?"

That's the Way, Girls.
The Chicago Post reports that the first Chicago girl to take advantage of her leap-year privileges landed her man and married him within an hour. That is, she was a girl named Kate, and she was sure he was worth the powder and shot it would take to kill him, and then use the hooks. He can't get away.—Houston Post.

With the onward march of civilization more opportunities arise for men to make fools of themselves.

COFFEE WAS IT.
People Slowly Learn the Facts.

"All my life I have been a slave to coffee. I kept gradually losing my health, but I used to say 'nonsense, it don't hurt me.'"

"Slowly I was forced to admit the truth and the final result was that my nervous force was shattered."

"My heart became weak and uncertain in its action and that frightened me. Then my physician told me that I must stop drinking coffee or I could never expect to be well again."

"I thought of Postum but could hardly bring myself to give up the coffee."

"Finally I concluded that I owed it to myself to give Postum a trial. I got a package and carefully followed the directions, and what a delicious, nourishing, rich drink it was! Do you know, I found it very easy to shift from coffee to Postum."

"Almost immediately after I made the change I found myself better, and as the days went by I kept on improving. My nerves grew steady, I slept well and felt strong and well-balanced. Now the old nervousness is gone and I am well once more."

It pays to give up the drink that acts on some like a poison, for health is the greatest fortune one can have. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

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"Almost immediately after I made the change I found myself better, and as the days went by I kept on improving. My nerves grew steady, I slept well and felt strong and well-balanced. Now the old nervousness is gone and I am well once more."

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Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

"JEKYLL-HYDE" PAYS FINE AND DEPARTS

Man Who Terrorized Elizabeth, N. J., Is Given Option of Fine or Jail.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Loring P. Crossman, a six-foot athletic looking fellow, two years out of Haverford College, the son of G. A. Crossman, a lumber man of Portland, Me., pleaded guilty before Judge Owen P. Mahon to Jekyll-Hyde tactics in Elizabeth which consisted of his being a respectable citizen by day and a terror and shock to women and girls by night. Judge Mahon sentenced him to six months in jail or pay a fine of \$50. Crossman, who is 24 years old, first elected to serve the jail term, but a few minutes later he paid the fine and was hurried away by his father.

For weeks Crossman, who worked for an engraving firm in New York.

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"We, the Democracy of Wisconsin, in conference assembled, hereby heartily endorse the splendid record of work accomplished by the Democratic congress and the Democratic and national administration.

"We unashamedly commend a courageous downward revision of the tariff in the interest of the whole people of the United States.

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"We commend our great president, Woodrow Wilson, for his insistence that our pledges are solemn covenants with the people and must be fulfilled.

"We commend him that in these most troublesome times in our nation and in the world's history, he has preserved peace and national honor and adhered to the rule of strict neutrality.

"We heartily approve his position respecting neutrality among the warring nations.

"We unqualifiedly approve of his plan for preparedness on land and sea, not for aggression or conquest, but for defense only.

"We unqualifiedly approve of the nomination of Louis C. Brandeis for associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. Our representatives in Congress are requested to make every effort to have the complete final reports of the commission on Industrial Relations printed and circulated as a public document.

"The Democracy of Wisconsin pledges itself to the renomination and re-election of Woodrow Wilson as president of the United States.

It's a mighty good-for-nothing woman who can't support one man and an entirely good-for-nothing woman who tries it.

A REPUBLICAN VIEW.

The Wisconsin State Journal of Madison, a leading Republican paper of the state, says:

"We face this year issues which put partisanship to the test of patriots. The Wilson administration has been wonderfully effective in living up to its platform and working out its program. It has been an administration of accomplishments, and when measured by several administrations that preceded it, has been unusually devoted to the interests of all the people, rather than to the interests of a privileged few. It has come very close to being a genuinely Democratic administration. If it is wise enough now to work its preparedness program out on truly Democratic lines, let the people themselves build their own battleships, forge their own guns and make their own ammunition, thereby saving the people's money, doing the people's business in a business way, if this can be done, there will be no issue and no candidate who will have the remotest chance of defeating Woodrow Wilson for re-election."

Local weather sharks report that mercury registered twenty-five low Monday morning. However, we have got so used to cold weather now that a light frost like this is hardly noticed at all. Sleighing at the present time is about as good as it could possibly be, even if made to order.

ROOSEVELT VS. FORD.

The hardest epithets hurled by Mr. Roosevelt at the pacifists in his speech at the Pan-American Scientific congress were aimed at Henry Ford. The former president referred to Mr. Ford as one who lived softly and easily, was timid and lazy, absorbed in luxury, slothful and unwilling to run risks or to toil and endure. Examining the biographies of these gentlemen, we find that Mr. Roosevelt, born in 1858, with wealth, never conducted a successful business enterprise of any kind; that his principal activity has been office holding or office seeking, and except in that capacity he gives no employment to anybody outside his domestic establishment.

Mr. Ford, on the other hand, born in 1863, in poverty, has established the greatest industry in his line in the world, in the conduct of which many of his associates have become millionaires and ten thousands of workmen have found occupation at the highest wages ever paid to mechanics similarly engaged. Nor has any part of his success been due to political or legislative trickery. Just what does our leisurely statesman, hunter, trapper, rancher, traveler and explorer mean when he speaks of such a man as soft, lazy, slothful and unwilling to risk or toil and endure?—Sawyer County Record.

According to Judge A. C. Bachus, father of the Milwaukee probation system, there are seven leading reasons why men quit their homes, abandoning wife and children. They are set forth as follows: Unemployment, which often transfers a hard-working man into a discouraged laborer; bad housing, especially when the dwelling is so small that the man is afforded no room in which to pass his leisure hours and is forced out except when eating or sleeping; whiskey and drugs, to which the preyed condition often drives a man; arrest and imprisonment of low paid workers on charges of failure to support their families; shame because of the necessity of accepting charity; prison which unites a man for family life; misconduct of the wife. As general remedies for the defects, the judge suggests plenty of work in the fresh air and sunshine, wholesome food and good rest at night.

The fire department was called out Tuesday by a smudge in the Mrs. S. Imberg home. No damage was done.

An exchange asks: "If it is right to permit a sub-normal infant to die for lack of care that would have saved its life, must we not, in order to be consistent, also admit that it would be perfectly justifiable to withhold the care that is needed to keep alive all ill and insane and feeble-minded persons? That would never do we have got to have some one to run our newspapers."

KELLNER

Robert Lee of Stratoga spent Saturday with his grandfather, J. W. Ramsey.

Mrs. H. M. Haydon returned Wednesday from Chicago where she had been on business.

Louise Zebell is visiting in your city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Green and son Austin visited at the Walter Buss home over Sunday.

Mr. E. Hjerstedt departed for Chicago last Tuesday where he has employment.

The C. E. Society of the Kellner Moravian church entertained a party of about thirty from the C. E. Society of the First Moravian church of your city last Friday evening. Our young people report a pleasant time and home the Grand Rapids C. E.'s can come again.

Emil Hjerstedt and Geo. Fox left for Madison last Saturday where they expect to find employment.

August A. Saeger is reported some better of late.

Miss Ellen Down who is attending Training School spent Saturday and Sunday with her mother.

Al Timm is in Madison this week in attendance at the road school. He is one of Portage county's road commissioners.

Bill Kaut began working for Chris Brand Monday.

Our saw mill expects to start up March first. The farmers had better get their logs in.

PLOVER ROAD

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Eberhardt and three children of Kellner spent Sunday evening at the Herman Young home.

Leonard Moll has moved onto his father's farm known as the David Hetzel place and will farm there the coming summer.

Miss Esther Voigt returned from Waupaca Saturday where she has been visiting a week.

Master Edward Benson is absent from school on account of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Voigt spent Sunday afternoon at the H. Hanson home.

A number from here attended the Christian Endeavor Society party at Kellner Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keeney and son spent Thursday evening at the Chas. Prineau home.

SARATOGA

Rev. H. B. Johnson, mother, sister, granddaughter and little son Thor spent Saturday afternoon at the Pauline Hanson home.

Miss Nellie Burmeister and Frank Nickman of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the Walter Burmeister home.

Emma Schorer came home from Grand Rapids Saturday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schorer.

Misses Dorothy and Irene Lundberg, who are attending school in Grand Rapids, spent Saturday and Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Lundberg.

Mr. Joe Namsenick is visiting in Chicago with friends.

Pauline Namsenick, who is employed at Nekosia is spending a week at home.

Walter Fors of Meohan is a frequent visitor at the George Knutson home. We wonder why?

NEW HOME HEIGHTS

Fred Leese of Barnum is going to give a masquerade Saturday evening, February 12th, at Athletic Hall New Rome.

Mr. Albert Faber, who has been employed at the Cheeseman home this winter is now working for Ernest Schenk.

Miss Ruth Lundquist visited at the Kande home Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Engraham and Mrs. L. Cheeseman spent Thursday and Friday in Grand Rapids.

The Roamers Club will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Ellis Friday evening. All are welcome.

Guy Bulgrin of Barnum is employed at the L. Nicholas home.

The girls are busy planning a Leap Year dance for the near future.

A few from here attended service at the Ball school Sunday.

The Basket social and Entertainment party given by Miss Jessie Rasmussen at the Chester Creek school last Saturday night was a success and netted \$5.10.

Herman Lueck, Sam Woods and Bert Maxen were Nekosia callers on Monday.

SHERRY

The S. S. Society met with Miss Jessie Leese Tuesday.

Rev. Adams of Merrill preached to a good audience at the Presbyterian church Sunday night.

Glen Mair of Marshfield visited his brother and sister here Saturday.

Chas. Sommers was home for the week end.

Joseph Ward of Chicago arrived in Sherry Monday.

Mr. Jauntz was a business visitor in Vesper Friday.

Miss Edna Becker was at Milladore and Stevens Point last Monday.

Miss Grace Enott of Stevens Point visited at Bert Gates' and Frank Park's.

SIGEL

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hladick January 27th.

Wm. Crossland, who was operated on for appendicitis at the Riverview hospital last week, is getting along nicely and will soon be able to return home.

RUDOLPH.

Mr. Jim Case, Supt. of the County Poor Farm, was a caller in our town between trains Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Bal Sharkey were shopping in your city Thursday.

Mrs. F. S. Root and Meta Haumschild were shoppers in your city on Thursday.

Geo. Marceau went to Mosinee on Thursday evening.

Mr. Reinhart Strauss of Watertown arrived here Saturday evening for a visit at the Grunewald home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jacoby are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl born Thursday, February 3rd.

N. G. Ratelle, C. van Lath, John Harjes of Rudolph and John Granger of Sigel, spent Tuesday in Wausau in attendance at the meeting of the stockholders of the new packing plant.

The meeting will include the election of officers and a general inspection of the plant. The farmers expect to ship their next crop of stock next Wednesday, February 14th.

F. S. Root and John Jostson returned home Friday from Eau Claire where they attended the Butler Makers Convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Doughty are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl born Friday, February 4th.

A miscellaneous shower was tendered Ella Grunewald at the E. Trickle home last Saturday evening. All present report a fine time.

It is slow work getting the telephone wires up as the ice is still clinging to them.

Maud Robbins was a shopper in your city on Monday.

Fred Pluz received a new 1916 Buick touring car on Monday. It is a fine car and Fred will no doubt sell a number here this spring.

Myron Reinhart, who has been residing on the Oscar Crotteau farm the past two years, has taken charge of the D. D. Conway farm, better known as the George Johnson place.

J. R. Grainger has returned from Wausau where he spent several days looking after the J. D. Ingraham interests.

Mr. J. Hanson, who has been on the Conway farm for some time has moved on the Crotteau farm.

Services will be held in the Moravian church on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. During February and March services will be held on the second Sundays in the month only.

CITY POINT

Misses Pearl and Grace Hancock visited in Grand Rapids over Sunday.

A creamery meeting was held last Thursday and the following officers were elected: President, A. J. Amundson; Vice President, Frank Schreyer; Sec. Mr. Galloway; Treas. I. Paulson and H. Lamp director.

Frank Franson was a business visitor in Grand Rapids Monday.

I. Paulson transacted business in Grand Rapids Monday and Tuesday.

Dr. Hougen was called to see C. Nelson who is not very much improved.

Lizzie Anderson left for the Twin cities Monday.

Mrs. P. N. Nelson and babe visited her sister, Mrs. A. H. Knutson at Grand Rapids over Sunday. Miss Gertrude returned home with her on Monday.

Mr. Lutz of Grand Rapids bought five hundred bushels of potatoes in this vicinity last Saturday.

T. J. Staffen autored to Lynn with Mr. Watson on Thursday.

Rae Paulson and Harold Nelson were at Pittsville Thursday.

Nelson is doing ice for M. Franson and T. J. Staffen.

Feb. 2 Notice to prove will and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, County Court, Wood County—in Probate.

In Re Estate of Katherine Dillinger, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That at the general term of said court to be held on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1916, the County Court of the City of Grand Rapids, County of Wood and State of Wisconsin, there will be heard and considered, the application of A. E. Gilbert to admit to probate the Last Will and Testament of Katherine Dillinger, late of the town of Milladore, in said county, deceased, and for the appointment of an executor;

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN, That at the general term of said court to be held on the first Tuesday of June, A. D. 1916, there will be heard, considered and adjusted, all claims against said Katherine Dillinger deceased;

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN, That all such claims for examination and allowance must be presented to said county court at the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids in said county and state, on or before the fifth day of June, A. D. 1916 or be barred.

Dated February 1st, 1916.

W. J. Conway, County Judge.

Jan. 28 Notice for Administration and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, County Court for Wood County, in Probate.

In Re, the estate of Joseph Roy, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That at the special term of said court to be held on the fifth Tuesday of February, A. D. 1916, at the court house in the City of Grand Rapids, county of Wood and State of Wisconsin there will be heard and considered the application of Angeline Roy for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Joseph A. Roy, late of the town of Milladore, in said county, deceased;

Notice is hereby further given, That at the special term of said court to be held at said court house, on the fifth Tuesday of May, A. D. 1916, there will be heard, considered and adjusted, all claims against said Joseph A. Roy, deceased;

And notice is hereby further given, That all such claims for examination and allowance must be presented to the said county court at the court house in the City of Grand Rapids, in said county and state, on or before the 25th day of May, A. D. 1916, or be barred. Dated Jan. 25th, 1916.

By the Court, W. J. Conway, Judge.

D. D. Conway, Attorney.

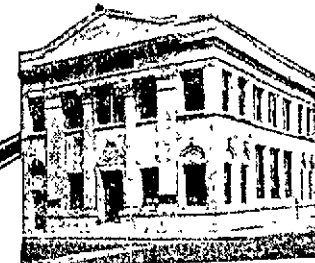
Feb. 9 6 wks. Mch. 15 Notice of Sheriff's Sale in Foreclosure.

Burt A. Wilbur, Plaintiff, vs. Lillian A. Krueger and Charles A. Krueger, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, made in the above entitled action on the 13th day of January 1916, the undersigned sheriff of Wood County, State of Wisconsin, will sell at the north and front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March, 1916, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the real estate and all the premises hereinafter described by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: The South East Quarter of Section No. Eighteen (18) Township No. Twenty-one (21) North of Range No. Six (6) East.

Terms of sale, cash. Bluff Sheriff of Wood County, Wisconsin. Dated this 7th day of February, A. D. 1916.

D. D. Conway, Plaintiff's Attorney, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.



Offering Great Bargains

And the beauty of the bargains we offer is that they are ALWAYS AVAILABLE. You don't have to come at eight o'clock on a Monday morning, nor at seven o'clock on Saturday night. You may step in on any banking day and take advantage of the best banking privileges.

And when you have opened an account here, oriented a Safety Deposit Box in our Steel Vault, or purchased Travelers Checks in case you are going away—in short, made use of any of the different branches of our service, you will feel the assurance of having DRIVEN A GOOD BARGAIN.

Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

SAFETY SERVICE

A product that has received the highest endorsement

Grand Rapids Beer

It is a beer of the highest class. Have a case sent to your home.

GRAND RAPIDS BREWING CO.

24 Bottles for \$1.15

Phone 177

DR. GODDARD will be at the HOTEL WITTER at GRAND RAPIDS, TUESDAY, February 15th. Consultation Free.

THE TRUTH--and the PROOF



DR. N. A. GODDARD

"WORDS AND PROMISES ARE ONLY GOOD WHEN BACKED UP BY DEEDS"

This axiom is just as true today as it was when Socrates uttered it hundreds of years ago. And I attribute my success as a specialist, principally to the fact, that I never attempt to treat cases that are in curable, and second, that I back up my claims by absolute proof.

HERE IS THE PROOF. Do You Believe Them? They Say I Cure. WRITE TO THEM AND SATISFY YOURSELF. Such proof cannot be manufactured or imitated.

Little Suamico, Wis., 1-812.

After taking seven treatments, I am entirely cured of rupture which I had for six years. I did not lose a moment's time from my work, suffered no pain or inconvenience. Am satisfied in every way. You may refer to me.

ARTIUR VIRTUES, R. F. D. No. 1, Little Suamico, Wis.

Black Creek, Wis., 2-17-13.

It is with pleasure that I write you to say that after treating with you I am completely cured of Chronic Appendicitis and Gall Stones.

Other doctors wanted to operate. I weighed 120 lbs. more than I did when I started treatment. I was sent to you by a lady who cured of Gall Stones two years ago. You may refer to me at any time.

MISS MARTHA SCHINK, R. F. D. No. 33, Box 4, Black Creek, Wis.

Cured of Neurasthenia. Jan. 8, 1915.

Dear Doctor:—

This is to tell you that I am now in good shape and that I feel warm and comfortable this winter, instead of cold all the time as I was last winter. I thought at that time that there was no hope for my ever getting well; what a change this winter! I can do a good day's work as well as anyone and have regained my vitality and strength. I look well and am actually a new man. Our local doctor failed to do me any good and I am mighty glad I came to you for treatment for I am certainly a well man now. You may refer to me as anyone wishing to hear from one whom you have treated. I am glad to recommend you.

JOHN CALLAN, Route 22, Hortonville, Wis.

Beaver Dam, Wis., Nov. 13, '15.

J. W. Ford, Milwaukee Wis.

Dear Sir:—

Answering your letter of the 20th I am pleased to say that Dr. N. A. Goddard's treatments have been entirely satisfactory. I consider myself cured of my rupture and before taking my treatment I made careful investigation of previous cases where he claimed to have had good results. I have never worn a truss since and have no bad effects or annoyance.

Very truly yours,

C. A. STARKWEATHER, Beaver Dam, Wis.

I treat all chronic diseases of both Men and Women, Rupture, Chronic Appendicitis, Gall Stones, Gout, (without operation) Varicose Veins and Ulcers, Blood and Nervous Troubles.

Ladies suffering from disease peculiar to their sex should by all means consult me. I have saved scores from needless operations.

SEND FOR MY FREE BOOK

If you cannot call, a postal will bring you my free book, "Modern Methods of Treating Chronic Diseases Without Operation."

REMEMBER

I never accept any incurable cases; I give a written guarantee of service in those cases that I do accept. My charges are in reach of all. Everything strictly confidential.

I VISIT GRAND RAPIDS EVERY FOUR WEEKS, AND I WILL NEXT BE AT THE WITTER HOTEL, GRAND RAPIDS, WIS., TUESDAY, February 15th.

Hours 9:00 A. M. to 7:00 P. M.

CONSULTATION FREE.

DR. GODDARD

MILWAUKEE SPECIALIST 121 Wisconsin STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

Abraham Lincoln Said

"TEACH ECONOMY, that is one of the first and highest virtues. It begins with saving money."

Mr. Lincoln realized that for a country to become great, each individual must become thrifty. At no time has it been more true than at present.

This generation and the next must learn the value of systematic saving if our country is to remain THE GREAT, and to test by practice, the value of saving, is your duty to yourself, and to your country.

Make Lincoln's birthday the birthday of your SUCCESS by starting a savings account here. We pay 3 per cent interest.

Bank of Grand Rapids

West Side

Johnson & Hill Co. Feed Department

MR. FARMER:

Come to use for your Feed, Corn, Bran, Middlings, Corn Meal, Ground Feed, Oil Meal, Hen Feed, Oats and special Dairy Feed.

Do not be Alarmed About Seed Corn

We will have plenty and at such low prices that will surprise you, we guarantee to sell only Tested Seed. Leave your orders for Seed Corn with us now.

| | |
|---|---------|
| Special Dairy Feed, per ton | \$26.50 |
| Bran, per ton | \$22.50 |
| Oil Meal, per 100 lbs. | \$1.98 |
| Salt, per half barrel | 69c |
| Use Victoria Flour—it makes more loaves of bread. | |

Johnson & Hill Co.

Grand Rapids,

Wisconsin

FOUR DAYS MORE OF REORGANIZATION SALE

We still have many good bargains left for those who have not already taken advantage of this sale. All NEW, CLEAN, DEPENDABLE MERCHANDISE, at attractive prices. guaranteed to give satisfaction.

This Sale Closes Saturday, February 12th.

MEN'S SUITS

| | |
|---|---------|
| 30 suits which sold at \$25, now | \$14.00 |
| 40 suits which sold at \$20 and \$22, now | \$12.00 |

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Grand Rapids, Wis.

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30 suits which sold at \$25, now \$14.00
40 suits which sold at \$20 and \$22, now \$12.00
Suits which sold at \$25 now \$16.50
Suits which sold at \$20 and \$22, now \$14.50
Suits which sold at \$18, now \$12.50
Suits which sold at \$15, now \$10.50

BOYS' SUITS

Suits which sold at \$8.50, \$10.00, now \$6.25
Suits which sold at \$7.50, now \$5.00
Suits which sold at \$6.50, now \$4.50
Suits which sold at \$5.00, now \$3.75
Suits which sold at \$4.00, now \$2.75
Suits which sold at \$3.50, now \$2.25
Suits which sold at \$3.00, now \$2.00

MEN'S PANTS

Pants, actually sold for \$5.00, now \$3.75
Pants actually sold for \$4.00, now \$2.75
Pants actually sold for \$3.00, now \$2.25
Pants actually sold for \$2.50, now \$1.75
Pants actually sold for \$2.00, now \$1.50
ALL SWEATERS 1/3 OFF

OVERCOATS

MEN'S
15 overcoats were sold at \$20, \$25, now \$10.00
15 overcoats were sold at \$15, \$18 now \$8.00
Overcoats which sold at \$22, \$25, now \$16.00
Overcoats which sold at \$18, \$20, now \$13.50
Overcoats which sold at \$15, now \$10.00

BOYS'

A rare opportunity.
40, which actually sold from \$5 to \$12 now \$2.00

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"

UNDERWEAR

\$1.00, two-piece under wear, now 75c
\$1.50, two-piece under wear, now \$1.10
\$1.00 union suits now 69c
\$1.50 union suits now \$1.10
\$2.00 union suits now \$1.40
\$2.50 union suits now \$1.80
\$3.00 union suits now \$2.25
Special, four buckle overshoes which sold at \$2.75 now \$1.85

According to Judge A. C. Bachus, father of the Milwaukee probation system, there are seven leading reasons why men quit their homes, abandoning wife and children. They are set forth as follows: Unemployment which often transforms a hard working man into a discouraged loafer; bad housing, especially when the dwelling is so small that the man is afforded no room in which to pass his leisure hours and in which to keep his books and papers; the previous condition often drives a man to arrest and imprisonment of low paid workers on charges of vagrancy to support the family, shame because of the necessity of accepting charity; prison which unfits a man for family life; misconduct of the wife. As general remedies for the defects in the fresh air and sunshine, wholesome food and good rest at night.

The fire department was called out Tuesday by smoke in the Mrs. Mergers home. No damage was done.

An exchange asks: "If it is right to permit a sub-normal infant to die for lack of care that would have saved its life, must we not, in order to be consistent, also admit that it would be justifiable to withhold the care that is needed to keep alive all idiots and insane and feeble-minded persons." That would never do we have got to have some one to run our newspapers.

KELLNER
Robert Lee of Scratoza spent Saturday with his grandfather, J. W. Ramsay.
Mrs. H. M. Haydon returned Wednesday from Chicago where she had been on business.
Mrs. Louise Ziebell is visiting in your city this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Green and son Austin visited at the Walter Buss home over Sunday.
Mr. E. Hjerstedt departed for Chicago Tuesday where he has employment.
The C. E. Society of the Kellner Moravian church entertained a party of about thirty from the C. E. Society of the First Moravian church of the city on Friday evening. Our young people report a pleasant time and hope the Grand Rapids C. E. can come again.
Emil Hjerstedt and Geo. Fox left for Madison Tuesday where they expect to find employment.
August A. Saeger is reported some better of late.

Miss Ellen Down who is attending Training School spent Saturday and Sunday with her mother.
At Timm in Madison this week in attendance at the road school. He is one of Portage county's road commissioners.
Miss Kaut began working for Chris Brand Monday.
Our saw mill expects to start up March first. The farmers had better get their logs in.

PLOVER ROAD
Mr. and Mrs. Emil Eberhardt and three children of Kellner spent Saturday evening at the Herman Young home.
Mr. Leonard Moll has moved onto his father's farm known as the David Hetzel place and will farm there the coming summer.
Miss Esther Voigt returned from Waupaca Saturday where she has been visiting a week.
Master Edward Benson is absent from school on account of illness.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Voigt spent Sunday afternoon at the H. Hanson home.
A number from here attended the Christian Endeavor Society party at Kellner Friday night.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keeney and son spent Thursday evening at the Chas. Primeau home.

SARATOGA
Rev. H. B. Johnson, mother, sister, grandfather and little son, spent Saturday afternoon at the Pauline Hanson home.
Miss Nellie Burneister and Frank Rickman of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the Walter Burneister home.
Emma Schora came home from Grand Rapids Saturday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schorer.
Misses Dorothy and Irene Lundberg, who are attending school in Grand Rapids, spent Saturday and Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Lundberg.
Mr. Joe Namesnick is visiting in Chicago with friends.
Eveline Namesnick, who is employed at Nekosa is spending a week at home.
Walter Fors of Meehan is a frequent visitor at the George Knutson home. We wonder why?

NEW ROME HEIGHTS
Fred Leece of Barium is going to give a masquerade Saturday evening, February 12th, at Athletic Hall New Rome.
Mr. Albert Faber, who has been employed at the Cheeseman home this winter is now working for Ernest Schenck.
Miss Ruth Lundquist visited at the Kunde home Friday.
Mr. and Mrs. Will Engraham and Mrs. L. Cheeseman spent Thursday and Friday in Grand Rapids.
The Roamers Club will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Ellis Friday evening. All are welcome.
Guy Bulgren of Barium is employed at the L. N. Nichols home.
The girls are busy planning a Leap Year dance for the near future.
A few from here attended services at the Bell school Sunday.
The Basket social at the Hard Time party given by Miss Jessine Rasmussen at the Chester Creek school last Saturday night was a success and netted \$5.10.
Herman Lueck, Sam Woods and Ben Maxen were Nekosa callers on Monday.

SHERRY
The S. S. Society met with Miss Jennie Evans Tuesday.
Rev. Adams of Merrill preached to a good audience at the Presbyterian church Sunday night.
Glen Blair of Marshfield visited his brother and sister here Saturday.
Chas. Sommers was home for the week end.
Joseph Ward of Chicago arrived in Sherry Monday.
Mr. Jauntz was a business visitor in Vesper Friday.
Miss Edna Becker was at Milladore and Stevens Point last Sunday.
Miss Grace Enott of Stevens Point visited at Bert Gates' and Frank Park's.

SIGEL
A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hladick January 27th.
Wm. Crossland, who was operated on for appendicitis at the City Hospital last week, is getting along nicely and will soon be able to return home.

DR. GODDARD
121 Wisconsin Street
MILWAUKEE SPECIALIST
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.



Offering Great Bargains

And the beauty of the bargains we offer is that they are ALWAYS AVAILABLE. You don't have to come at eight o'clock on a Monday morning, nor at seven o'clock on Saturday night. You may stop in on any banking day and take advantage of the best banking privileges.

And when you have opened an account here, oriented a Safety Deposit Box in our Steel Vault, or purchased Travelers Checks in case you are going away on short, make use of any of the different branches of our service, you will feel the assurance of having DRIVEN A GOOD BARGAIN.

Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

SAFETY

SERVICE

A product that has received the highest endorsement

Grand Rapids Beer

It is a beer of the highest class. Have a case sent to your home.

GRAND RAPIDS BREWING CO.

24 Bottles for \$1.15 Phone 177

DR. GODDARD will be at the HOTEL WITTER at GRAND RAPIDS, TUESDAY, February 15th. Consultation Free.

THE TRUTH--and the PROOF

"WORDS AND PROMISES ARE ONLY GOOD WHEN BACKED UP BY DEEDS"

This axiom is just as true today as it was when Socrates uttered it hundreds of years ago. And I attribute my success as a specialist, principally to the fact, that I never attempt to treat cases that are in curable, and second, that I back up my claims by absolute proof.

HERE IS THE PROOF

Do You Believe Them? WRITE TO THEM AND SATISFY YOURSELF. Such proof cannot be manufactured or imitated.

Little Suamico, Wis., 1-812.
Dear Doctor:—
After taking seven treatments, I am entirely cured of rupture which I had for six years. I did not lose a moment's time from my work, suffered no pain or inconvenience. Am satisfied in every way.—
You may refer to me.
ARTHUR VIRTUES,
R. F. D. No. 1, Little Suamico, Wis.

Black Creek, Wis., 2-17-13.
Dear Doctor:—
It is with pleasure that I write you to say that after treating with you I am completely cured of Chronic Appendicitis and Gall Stones.—
Other doctors would not have done it. I weigh 10 lbs. more than I did when I started treatment.—
I was sent to you by a lady who cured of Gall Stones two years ago.—
You may refer to me at any time.
MISS M. A. SCHINKLE,
R. F. D. No. 33, Box 4,
Black Creek, Wis.

Cured of Neurasthenia.
Jan. 8, 1915.

Forest Junction, Wis.
R. R. No. 1.
Cured of Appendicitis.
April 30, 1915.

Dear Doctor:
My daughter, who is 13 years old, was taken ill with appendicitis about one year ago, and had in all three attacks. I called in two different doctors to see her, and both said she had appendicitis and both advised immediate operation, but I decided to consult you first. We came to see you at Marshfield, November 25, 1914, and a gall treatment at that time. My daughter began to improve. I am owing my good health to your skill in knowing how to treat me. You may refer to me at any time, anyone desiring proof of your ability.

Beaver Dam, Wis., Nov. 13, '15.
J. W. Post,
Milwaukee Wis.

Dear Sir:
Answering your letter of the 20th I am pleased to say that Dr. N. A. Goddard's treatments have been entirely satisfactory. I consider myself cured of my rupture and before taking your treatment I made careful investigation of previous cases where I have never won a truce since and have no bad effects or annoyance.

Very truly yours,
C. A. B. STARKWEATHER,
Beaver Dam, Wis.

I treat all chronic diseases of both Men and Women, Rupture, Chronic Appendicitis, Gall Stones, Gout, (without operation) Varicose Veins and Ulcers, Blood and Nervous Troubles.

Ladies suffering from disease peculiar to their sex should by all means consult me. I have saved scores from needless operations.

SEND FOR MY FREE BOOK

If you cannot call, a postal will bring you my free book, "Modern Methods of Treating Chronic Diseases Without Operation."

REMEMBER

I never accept any incurable cases; I give a written guarantee of service in those cases that I do accept. My charges are in reach of all. Everything strictly confidential.

I VISIT GRAND RAPIDS EVERY FOUR WEEKS, AND I WILL NEXT BE AT THE WITTER HOTEL, GRAND RAPIDS, WIS., TUESDAY, February 15th.

Hours 9:00 A. M. to 7:00 P. M. CONSULTATION FREE.

DR. GODDARD
MILWAUKEE SPECIALIST
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
121 Wisconsin Street

Abel & Podawiltz Co., Inc.

"The Store of Satisfaction"

Grand Rapids, Wis.

SALE—214 acres, 1 1/2 miles from village of 1,400 population, 150 acres tillable, gravel loam and black soil, 40 acres valuable timber, 80,000 feet, good buildings, running water handy, 700 apple trees, 20 cows, team, crops, signs, tools, farming tools, price \$7,000, terms, Free lat. Ellis Bros., Chicago N. Y. Feb. 2

R. RAGAN
Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker.
Phone No. 69, Store 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 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4407, 4409, 4411, 4413, 4415, 4417, 4419, 4421, 4423, 4425, 4427, 4429, 4431, 4433, 4435, 4437, 4439, 4441, 4443, 4445, 4447, 4449, 4451, 4453, 4455, 4457, 4459, 4461, 4463, 4465, 4467, 4469, 4471, 4473, 4475, 4477, 4479, 4481, 4483, 4485, 4487, 4489, 4491, 4493, 4495,

WAR PERILS U. S. PRESIDENT WARNS

Many Hear Wilson Speak at Chicago.

U. S. SHOULD MAKE ARMS

Executive Says "No Man Can Confidently Say Whether America Shall Be Drawn Into the Struggle or Not."

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Government manufacture of the instrumentalities of war was appended by President Woodrow Wilson to his program of military and naval preparedness, the general features of which he dwelt upon in a speech in the Auditorium theater last night. Four other features on the same general topic were given by the president on his trip from Chicago to Milwaukee during the day.

President Wilson solemnly warned the audience in the Auditorium that "No man can confidently say whether the United States will be drawn into the war."

The vast hall was as quiet as a death chamber when he made the dramatic statement. The president later stirred the assemblage to vigorous applause by declaring that "this war was brought on by rulers and not by people."

The applause lasted for several seconds. When it subsided the president continued vigorously:

"And I thank God there is no man in America who can bring war on without the consent of the people."

This stirred the crowd again to vigorous applause.

"No man can confidently say whether the United States shall be drawn into the struggle or not."

"Cruel misjudgment of this country's efforts to remain neutral is prevalent in Europe," he declared.

"We have not held off from selfish motives," he said.

Handclapping and shouts greeted the following:

"When I see some of my fellow citizens spread tender where the sparks are falling I wonder what their ideal of American citizenship is."

Thirty-seven hundred men and women, including the public officials of the state, county and city, greeted the president as he stepped on the flag-draped and flower-bedecked platform of the big playhouse soon after eight o'clock.

MUNDAY IN JAIL AT MORRIS.

Court Sentences Banker to Five Years in Prison.

Morris, Ill., Feb. 1.—Charles B. Morris, former first vice-president of the LaSalle Street Trust and Savings bank of Chicago, of which William Lorimer was president, is in jail. He was sentenced on Saturday to five years in the Joliet penitentiary by Judge S. C. Stought, before whom he was convicted on November 19 of conspiracy in connection with the wrecking of the bank. After the passing of sentence he was given into the custody of Sheriff Henry L. Hendrickson, who immediately took him to the little county jail.

"I'm not guilty," said Munday. "I was in hopes that sentence would not be passed today, so that I might be able to straighten out some of my affairs before being turned over to the sheriff."

"I think it is safer to rely on the verdict of the jury than that statement," said the court. "I hope that it is true."

TEUTONS GAIN IN WEST.

German Capture French Positions South of the Somme.

Berlin, Feb. 1 (via Sayville).—The official statement issued here on Sunday follows:

"The conflict around the position captured by us on and south of the road from Vimy to Neuville is still going on. A French attack was repulsed."

"The position conquered by us south of the Somme has been extended to 3,500 meters in width and 1,000 meters in depth. The total number of officers taken was 17 and the soldiers made prisoner number 1,270, among whom were several English."

The French attempted a feeble counter-attack, which was easily repulsed."

The German war office announced on Saturday the capture of the village of Frise, 75 miles northwest of Paris, on the south bank of the River Somme.

CONSCRIPTION MARCH 2.

London, Feb. 2.—The conscription law recently passed in parliament will become effective March 2, the Evening Star announced.

Road Promoters at Meet.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 2.—Many prominent men interested in good roads gathered here for the third annual convention of the Pike's Peak Ocean-to-Ocean Highway association, of which C. F. Adams is president.

Mexican Chief Slain.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 2.—Former soldiers of the disbanded Villa army of the north were responsible for the killing of Gen. Tomas Ornelas, former commandant at Juarez, who was shot to death near Chihuahua City.

Two Dead in Powder Blast.

Winthrop, Del., Feb. 1.—Frederick Fritz and Lawrence Holt died in a hospital here on Saturday from burns received in a powder flare at the Carnegie Point, N. J., plant of the Du Pont Powder company.

Mexican Bandits in Raid.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Renewal of bandit raids about Tuxpan, Mex., a vicinity in which large American and British oil properties are located, was reported in state department dispatches.

Six Hurt in Powder Blast.

Philadelphia, Jan. 31.—There were four explosions in rapid succession at the Carnegie Point (N. J.) plant of the DuPont Powder company and six workmen were injured, three seriously. The accident occurred in No. 8 plant.

Tourists' Baggage Burns.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 31.—After thieves had robbed the Union depot here they set fire to the baggage room and the structure was burned to the ground. The luggage of many northern tourists was destroyed.

CHEDDO MIYATOVICH



Cheddo Miyatovich, former Serbian state secretary for foreign affairs and lately minister to the court of St. James, is in this country with the Serbian mission. Mr. Miyatovich is not at all discouraged by the fact that Serbia is now in the hands of the Teutons, and he believes that Serbia will emerge from the war triumphant and at the head of a united Pan-Serbia. He thanks the American people for their spontaneous sympathy and trusts they will continue their aid to the homeless and starving Serbians.

COAL MINERS APPROVE

DEMAND FOR WAGE RAISE

Decide to Ask for 10 to 20 Per Cent Increase in Pay—Seek Two-Year Contract.

Indianapolis, Jan. 31.—The United Mine Workers of America on Friday adopted the report of the state committee, which asked for a raise of ten per cent for the bituminous miners and workers about the mines and 20 per cent of the anthracite workers.

Van Buren of Pittsburgh is chairman of the state committee. The demands will be brought before the bituminous operators at Mobile February 5 and before the anthracite operators at New York February 21.

The demand follows: For bituminous districts: All coal to be weighed before being screened and paid for on a mine-run basis.

Ten per cent per ton increase at the basing point.

Ten per cent increase on all dead work and yardage.

Twenty per cent increase on all day labor.

Uniform day and wage scale for all classes of outside and inside day labor.

The eight-hour day shall apply from bank to bank.

All local inequalities and internal differences to be referred to the various districts affected for settlement.

Contract in effect for two years.

Weekly pays.

Every other Saturday an idle day.

BRANDEIS TO SUPREME COURT.

President Nominates Boston Lawyer for Vacancy on Bench.

Washington, Jan. 31.—President Wilson sent to the senate on Friday the nomination of Louis Brandeis to the vacancy on the Supreme court.

Mr. Brandeis is the first man of Jewish nationality to be named to the Supreme court bench.

He is well known in the legal world. Since 1897, when he became senior member of Brandeis, Dunbar & Nutt, he has been prominently connected with many important litigations.

He was counsel for the shippers in the advanced freight rate investigation before the interstate commerce commission; he was also counsel for the people in the proceedings involving the constitutionality of the Oregon and Illinois ten-hour law for women. Mr. Brandeis is fifty-nine years old.

HOLDS UP U. S. MESSAGES?

Originals From Constantinople Never Reached Relay Stations.

Athens, Jan. 31.—A delicate situation has arisen regarding telegraph communication between the United States embassy at Constantinople and the legation here which relays to Washington official dispatches from the American ambassador to Turkey.

"Confirmation" copies of diplomatic messages two weeks old were received this morning, and it was disclosed a large number of important dispatches had failed to reach the American minister at Athens.

Slay Generals Who Yield.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The Rome correspondent of Le Journal reports that General Beir and another Montenegrin general have been assassinated by Montenegrins who opposed the capitulation to Austria.

Helms to \$50,000 Are Sought.

Los Angeles, Feb. 2.—Fifty thousand dollars award distribution here to a family whose whereabouts are unknown by soldiers, who shot more than a score of persons, were resumed Monday. Nine soldiers were injured by a bomb.

David Lamar Conviction Upheld.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Conviction of David Lamar, so-called "Wolf of Wall Street," of the crime of fraudulently impersonating a congressman, was upheld by the Supreme court in a unanimous opinion.

Troops Quell Lisbon Riots.

Lisbon, Feb. 2.—Food riots that broke out here Saturday only to be quelled by soldiers, who shot more than a score of persons, were resumed Monday. Nine soldiers were injured by a bomb.

Johnson-Willard Films Barred.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 31.—The moving picture films of the Jack Johnson-Jess Willard prize fight at Havana are excluded from the United States on a decision handed down by the United States circuit court of appeals.

Eight Lost With Schooner.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Eight men, the crew of the steam schooner Aberdeen, were given up for lost on Friday when wreckage from the boat began coming ashore two miles and a half below the harbor entrance.

54 SLAIN IN AIR RAID ON ENGLAND

Bombs Dropped on Towns in Four Counties.

MANY FIRES ARE REPORTED

Berlin Statement Says Big Explosions Occurred in Manufacturing Cities—Airships Were Fired Upon, But All Returned.

London, Feb. 2.—Fifty-four persons were killed and 67 injured in the Zeppelin raid on Monday night. The figures in regard to the casualties were outlined in an official statement issued here. The official statement issued on Tuesday says 220 bombs were dropped on many towns and in rural districts in Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire and Staffordshire. Some damage to property was caused.

The text of the official statement is as follows:

"An air raid last night was attempted on an extensive scale. It appears that the raiders were hampered by a thick mist. After crossing the coast the Zeppelins steered various courses and dropped bombs at several towns and in rural districts in Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire and Staffordshire. Some damage to property was caused. No accurate reports were received until a very late hour."

"The casualties notified up to the time of issuing this statement amount to 54 persons killed and 67 injured."

New York, Feb. 3.—The following dispatch from London received by the Tribune is believed to refer to the Zeppelin raid, details of which had been withheld by the British censor:

"Eleven deaths reported England yesterday due lightning (lighting) incendiary. Five of tragedies occurred London streets; three of victims soldiers."

Berlin, Feb. 3 (via Sayville).—The German admiralty on Tuesday issued the following report:

"A German airship squadron during the night of January 31 to February 1, dropped a large number of incendiary bombs on and near the Liverpool and Pickenham docks, harbors and factories; also on the Manchester iron works and blast furnaces, on Nottingham and Sheffield factories and blast furnaces, finally on a large number of industrial establishments on the Humber and near Great Yarmouth."

"At all these places the heavy effect of the bombardment was observed by night explosions and violent fires which were caused. On the Humber a battery was silenced."

"The airships were vigorously fired at from all the places, but were not hit. All the airships, despite the enemy's fire, have returned safe."

WILSON'S TRAIN HITS CROWD.

Six Children Are Knocked Down When Special Backs Into 3,000 Persons.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 3.—After an eventful trip from Chicago on Tuesday through Illinois and part of Iowa, which was marked by a near-collision at Grinnell, President Wilson reached Des Moines in the interest of preparedness for national defense.

At Grinnell President Wilson's special train slowed slowly into a crowd of 3,000 persons. Six children were knocked down, but fell between the rails or were dragged out before the wheels reached them.

"Stop that train," shouted the president, when he saw the crowd in peril. It is said the train had stopped on a "dead center" and had to be backed before starting again.

Virtually all Des Moines turned out to greet the president and to hear his address. On the way to the capital he spoke at Davenport, Iowa City and Grinnell.

TURKS TO GET U. S. NOTE.

To Be Asked About Sinking of Liner Persia—Denied by Vienna.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Austria has furnished the United States complete proof that none of her submarines was responsible for the sinking of the P. & O. liner Persia in the Mediterranean. Simultaneously with this announcement by the state department it was announced that the United States has dispatched a note of inquiry to Turkey, asking the sultan's government to furnish proof that its submarines are equally as innocent. If Turkey should reply that none of her submarines are guilty, state department officials said, by the process of elimination, the Persia matter will have been closed.

Morgenthau Is to Return.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The announced intention of Henry Morgenthau, American ambassador to Turkey, to return to the United States immediately is understood to have been at the suggestion of the state department.

Chimes and Clocks Silenced.

London, Feb. 2.—By direction of the naval and military authorities the police ordered the striking of bells and public clocks between sunset and sunrise, as a precautionary measure.

Italy to Defend Avlona.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—Reports from Vienna state that the Italians have landed a new infantry division and several batteries of artillery at Avlona, Albania. This indicates that Italy will not abandon its position in Albania.

Governor of Smyrna Flees.

Athens, Feb. 2.—Threatened with death by the Young Turks, who accused him of favoring the allies, Eshmi Bey, Yali (Governor) of Smyrna, has fled from the city and taken refuge on a British warship.

French Release U. S. Cotton.

Berne, Feb. 1.—France has released to Switzerland 16,000 bales of American cotton held in Havre because of the war. Some mills in Switzerland had been forced to suspend work on account of the lack of cotton.

Wants Militia Under U. S.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The National Association of New York placed itself on record as favoring the federalizing of the militia organizations "the several states and in opposition to a continental army."

SIR DAVID BEATTY



Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the First British battle cruiser squadron, whose ships defeated the Germans in the North sea, has made a stirring appeal for a great religious revival in England as a necessary step to victory in the war.

ZEPPELINS RAID PARIS

SECOND TIME; 34 KILLED

Second Air Raid on French Capital—Thirty Aeroplanes Search in Vain for Raider.

Paris, Feb. 1.—Thirty-four persons were killed and twenty-seven injured in the Zeppelin raid over Paris Saturday night, according to an official statement given out here.

Ten of the wounded were placed in hospitals owing to the severity of their injuries.

The raid lasted about one minute and a half, while in the first visit of Zeppelins to Paris on March 21, 1915, four of these aircraft were over or in the neighborhood of the capital for nearly two hours.

The fact that only one German machine appeared leads to the belief that the Zeppelin was making a reconnaissance trip, and the supposition is that the Germans have in view a similar operation on a larger scale.

"The Paris newspapers demand that measures of retaliation be taken immediately."

Before the attack 30 French aeroplanes searched the remote air regions above Paris for the raider, of whose appearance warning had been given.

By the time it had reached the edge of one of the old quarters of the city several of the aeroplanes were able to make out its pale yellow shape 14,000 feet from the earth.

One of the French aircraft fired 25 shots from a quick firer at the invading craft.

Frightened doubtless by the numerous war planes rising toward it, the Zeppelin wheeled and drove at full speed westward, dropping in its train into the darkness a cargo of about three and one-half tons of bombs. Then, continuing its flight at a great altitude, the airship vanished.

U. S. MAY DISARM LINERS.

Washington Asks Powers to Agree on Rules for Submarine Warfare.

Washington, Jan. 31.—A suggestion that all the belligerent countries subscribe to a declaration of principles governing attacks on merchant vessels has been made by the United States in an effort to establish in international law a general policy disposing of many of the vexatious problems arising from the development of submarine warfare.

Kindred notes have gone forward asking the various countries at war to say specifically whether they are willing to join in such an agreement. The declaration of principles would provide:

That noncombatants may expect protection under the rules of international law and the principles of humanity when traveling on merchant ships.

That warning must be given before a merchantman is attacked.

That belligerent-owned merchant ships must give warnings to stop.

That merchantmen shall not be sunk except where it is impossible to supply a prize crew, or until passengers and crew are placed in safety.

The note voices a warning that this petition, which was filed by the Men's Christian Workers' league for closing on Sundays. Unfair competition in the sales of foreign brand cigars if Sunday closing is effected is the argument. They believe that neighboring cities would be beneficiaries of the Sunday trade if Oskosh saloons were closed.

Cremerman Man Dies.

Roberts.—William Hawkins, a resident of Roberts for thirty-five years and a pioneer creamery man in Wisconsin, died at his home here after a brief illness from heart trouble.

Large Haul of Fish.

Oskosh.—What is thought to be the largest haul of fish ever caught in this state was made at Winneconne, Wis., 30,000 pounds were hauled out of Lake Poygan. The fish were shipped to Philadelphia.

Many Teams in Judging Contest.

Madison.—Fifteen teams will enter the state livestock judging contest to be held during the Wisconsin farm and home week, Feb. 7 to 12, at the college of agriculture, Madison.

Jail Breaker Killed.

Milwaukee.—After having escaped from the house of correction here in North Milwaukee, Andrew Johnson, 56 years old a machinist, was run over by a passenger train and instantly killed.

School Official Resigns.

Granbury.—Miss Jessie Wildin, county superintendent of schools, has resigned, effective February 1. She will go to Columbia university to complete her education.

Would Aid Industries.

Oshkosh.—A plan to raise \$100,000 to assist infant industries of this city is the outcome of a gathering of Oshkosh's representative business and professional men. A committee has been appointed and will report at a later meeting.

Tobacco Deliveries Start.

Rio.—The first tobacco deliveries of the season have started. Five carloads were shipped, the price ranging from 5 to 7 cents a pound.

WIS. FAIR OFFICERS WILL CO-OPERATE

DISTRICT SECRETARIES TAKE UP SUGGESTION OF C. P. NORGORD.

FOR MODEL PREMIUM LIST

Planned to Have Boys and Girls' Contests at State Exhibit First Run Off at County Shows.

Madison.—There is to be co-operation in Wisconsin among secretaries of county and district fairs, and between these secretaries and officials of the state fair.

At the annual meeting of the county and district secretaries at Oshkosh on Jan. 26, this departure was suggested in an address by C. P. Norgord, commissioner of agriculture of Wisconsin, and his suggestion was enthusiastically received by the county and district fair secretaries.

Commissioner Norgord presented plans whereby the large boys' and girls' contests, which are to be held at the state fair, should be first run off at the county fairs.

It was also suggested by the county fair secretaries that the state provide a model premium list which could be used as the basis for building up an up-to-date and effective premium list, particularly in the newer counties.

TEACHERS TO TAKE PART

Will Attend Sessions of Southern Wisconsin Farm and Home Week at Madison Feb. 7-12.

Madison.—Teachers of agriculture in the high schools of the state and even some of the country school teachers are planning to attend several sessions of the Wisconsin "Farm and Home" week in Madison from Feb. 7 to 12.

Besides the midwinter meetings at the college of agriculture which this year include special exercises celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the invention of the Babcock test, the establishment of the dairy school and the creation of the Wisconsin dairy and food commission, the annual sessions of the Southern Wisconsin Teachers' association are to be held in the capital city the same week.

The Southern Wisconsin Teachers' association will hold a special session for agricultural teachers on Feb. 11, at 2 p. m.

A conference of those interested in country life and community interests will also be held during the week. C. J. Galpin, secretary of the Wisconsin country life conference, will lead the discussions on rural social centers and rural schools, and Dr. W. D. Frost on better health for country people.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD WINS PRIZE

Beloit Cow Awarded Blue Ribbon as Best Brown Swiss Milk Producer in America.

Beloit.—Beloit has the most productive 4-year-old Brown Swiss cow in America. She is Esther North, No. 4320, the property of Ira Luman, secretary of the Brown Swiss Cattle Breeders' Association of America.

The contest is the first all year contest held by the Brown Swiss association. Five prizes of \$25 each were offered in the competition, in which sixty cows were tested for the register of production.

In both the 5 year old and the mature classes, cows owned by Ohio C. Barber, Barton, O., millionaire head of the Diamond Match Co., won first place. In the 3-year-old class the winner is the property of Theodore N. Vail, the telephone magnate. The highest record of all was made by Ethel B. No. 3342, in the mature class, who produced 18,812.2 pounds of milk and 779.97 pounds of butter fat.

Fight Sunday Closing.

Oshkosh.—Cigar manufacturers and cigar makers of this city presented resolutions against the Sunday closing, which petition was filed by the Men's Christian Workers' league for closing on Sundays. Unfair competition in the sales of foreign brand cigars if Sunday closing is effected is the argument. They believe that neighboring cities would be beneficiaries of the Sunday trade if Oshkosh saloons were closed.

Will Fight Bond Issue.

Depere.—A committee of twenty-five taxpayers of Brown county has been formed to fight the action of the county board, which voted to issue \$500,000 bonds to build 10 miles of concrete highway.

May Buy Railroad.

Madison.—It is reported that the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company is planning to buy the Chicago & Lake Superior Railway company's line, which runs from London to Cambridge, a distance of three miles, in the eastern part of Dane county.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Grand Rapids.—James Gaylor, one of the prominent cranberry men of the state, sustained an attack of paralysis and is in a critical condition.

Thirty Given Diplomas.

Kenosha.—Kenosha held its first mid-year graduation exercises when a class of thirty was given diplomas. The commencement address was delivered by Dr. D. D. MacLaurin, of the University of Wisconsin.

Cohen Will Not Be Candidate.

Grand Rapids.—Present Mayor J. A. Cohen, who has represented this city as mayor for the last two terms, has announced that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

Eagles Abandon Plans.

Neenah.—On account of the agitation for a homecoming here next summer, the local Aerie of Eagles, No. 1099, has abandoned plans for a big Fourth of July celebration, which was to have been held in 1916.

Given Verdict of \$500.

La Crosse.—Five hundred dollars was the estimate of the damage to Miss Nellie Dummer's \$500,000 by Dr. C. W. Waterson's refusal to marry her by a Circuit court jury.

LOGGING IS BEST IN YEARS

Report From Northern Wisconsin Says Larger Cut Being Made Than for Some Time.

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The vast hall was as quiet as a death chamber when he made this dramatic statement. The president later stirred the assembly to vigorous applause by declaring that "this war was brought on by rulers and not by people."

The applause lasted for several seconds. When it subsided the president continued vigorously:

"And I think God there is no man in America who can bring war on without the consent of the people."

This stirred the crowd again to vigorous applause.

"No man can confidently say whether the United States shall be drawn into the struggle or not."

"Crucial misjudgment of this country's position in the world is prevalent in Europe," he declared.

"We have not held off from selfish motives," he said.

Hand-clapping and shouts greeted the following:

"When I saw some of my fellow citizens spread tinder where the sparks are falling I wonder what their ideal of American citizenship is."

Thirty-seven hundred men and women, including the public officials of the state, county and city, greeted the president as he stepped on the flag-draped and flower-decked platform of the big playhouse soon after eight o'clock.

MUNDAY IN JAIL AT MORRIS.

Court Sentences Banker to Five Years in Prison.

Morris, Ill., Feb. 1.—Charles B. Munday, former first vice president of the LaSalle Street Trust and Savings bank of Chicago, of which William L. Jorner was president, is in jail. He was sentenced on Saturday to five years in the Joliet penitentiary by Judge S. C. Staugh, before whom he was convicted on November 19 of conspiracy in connection with the wrecking of the bank. After the passing of the sentence he was given into the custody of Sheriff Henry T. Hendrickson, who immediately took him to the little county jail.

"I'm not guilty," said Munday. "I was in hopes that sentence would not be passed today, so that I might be able to straighten out some of my affairs before being turned over to the sheriff."

"I think it is safer to rely on the verdict of the jury than that statement," said the court. "I hope that it is true."

TEUTONS GAIN IN WEST.

Germans Capture French Positions South of the Somme.

Berlin, Feb. 1. (via Sayville).—The official statement issued here on Sunday follows:

"The conflict around the position captured by us on and south of the road from Vimy to Neuville is still going on. A French attack was repulsed."

"The position conquered by us south of the Somme has been extended to 3,500 meters in width and 1,000 meters in depth. The total number of our troops was 17 and the soldiers made prisoner number 1,370, among whom were several English. The French attempted a feeble counter-attack, which was easily repulsed."

The German war office announced on Saturday the capture of the village of Prio, 75 miles northeast of Paris, on the south bank of the River Somme.

Conscription March 2.

London, Feb. 2.—The conscription law recently passed in parliament will become effective March 2, the Evening Star announced.

Road Promoters at Meet.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 2.—Many prominent men interested in good roads gathered here for the third annual convention of the Missouri State Highway association, of which C. F. Adams is president.

Mexican Chief Claim.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 2.—Former soldiers of the disbanded Villa army of the north were responsible for the killing of Gen. Tomas Ornelas, former commander at Durango, who was shot to death near Chihuahua City.

Two Dead in Powder Blast.

Wilmington, Del., Feb. 1.—Frederick Fritz and Lawrence Holt died in a hospital here on Saturday from burns received in a powder flare at the Burns Point, N. J., plant of the Du Pont Powder company.

Mexican Bandits in Raid.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Renewal of bandit raids about Tuxpan, Mex., a vicinity in which large American and British oil properties are located, was reported in state department dispatches.

Six Hurt in Powder Blast.

Philadelphia, Jan. 31.—There were four explosions in rapid succession at the Carney's Point (N. J.) plant of the DuPont Powder company and six workmen were injured, three seriously. The accident occurred in No. 3 plant.

Tourists' Baggage Burns.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 31.—After thieves had robbed the Union depot here they set fire to the baggage room and the structure was burned to the ground. The luggage of many northern tourists was destroyed.

CHEDDO MIYATOVICH



Cheddo Miyatovich, former Serbian state secretary for foreign affairs and minister to the court of St. James, is in this country with the Serbian mission. Mr. Miyatovich is not at all discouraged by the fact that Serbia is now in the hands of the Teutons, and he believes that Serbia will emerge from the war triumphant and at the head of a united Pan-Serbia. He thanks the American people for their spontaneous sympathy and trusts they will continue their aid to the homeless and starving Serbians.

COAL MINERS APPROVE DEMAND FOR WAGE RAISE

Decide to Ask for 10 to 20 Per Cent Increase in Pay—Seek Two-Year Contract.

Indianapolis, Jan. 31.—The United Mine Workers of America on Friday adopted the report of the scale committee, which asked for a raise of ten per cent for the bituminous miners and workers about the mines and 20 per cent of the anthracite workers.

Van Hiltner of Pittsburgh is chairman of the scale committee. The demands will be brought before the bituminous operators at North February 3 and before the anthracite operators at New York February 21.

The demand follows:

For bituminous districts: All coal to be weighed before being screened and paid for on a mine-run basis.

Ten per cent per ton increase at the basing point.

Ten per cent increase on all dead work and yardage.

Twenty per cent increase on all day labor.

Uniform day and wage scale for all classes of outside and inside day labor.

The eight-hour day shall apply from bank to bank.

All local inequalities and internal differences to be referred to the various districts affected for settlement. Contract in effect for two years. Weekly pay.

Every other Saturday an idle day.

BRANDEIS TO SUPREME COURT.

President Nominates Boston Lawyer for Vacancy on Bench.

Washington, Jan. 31.—President Wilson sent to the senate on Friday the nomination of Louis Brandeis, a Boston lawyer, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Joseph Rucker Lamar.

Mr. Brandeis is the first man of Jewish nationality to be named to the Supreme court bench.

He is well known in the legal world. Since 1897, when he became senior member of Brandeis, Dunbar & Nutter, he has been prominently connected with many important litigations. He was counsel for the shippers in the advanced freight rate investigation before the interstate commerce commission; he was also counsel for the people in the proceedings involving the constitutionality of the Oregon and Illinois ten-hour law for women. Mr. Brandeis is fifty-nine years old.

HOLDS UP U. S. MESSAGES?

Originals From Constantinople Never Reached Relay Stations.

Athens, Jan. 31.—A delicate situation has arisen regarding telegraph communication between the United States embassy at Constantinople and the legation here which relays to Washington official dispatches from the American ambassador to Turkey.

"Confirmation" copies of diplomatic messages two weeks old were received this morning, and it was disclosed a large number of important dispatches had failed to reach the American minister at Athens.

Morgenstern Is to Return.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The announced intention of Henry Morgenstern, American ambassador to Turkey, to return to the United States immediately is understood to have been at the suggestion of the state department.

Chimes and Clocks Silenced.

London, Feb. 2.—By direction of the naval and military authorities the police ordered the discontinuance of chimes and the striking of hours by public clocks between sunset and sunrise, as a precautionary measure.

Italy to Defend Avlona.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—Reports from Vienna state that the Italians have landed a new infantry division and several batteries of artillery at Avlona, Albania. This indicates that Italy will not abandon its position in Albania.

Governor of Smyrna Flees.

Athens, Feb. 2.—Threatened with death by the Young Turks, the governor of Smyrna, who was in the city, fled to a British warship.

Troops Quell Lisbon Riots.

Lisbon, Feb. 2.—Pood riots that broke out here Saturday only to be quelled by soldiers, who shot more than a score of persons, were resumed Monday. Nine soldiers were injured by a bomb.

Johnson-Willard Films Barred.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 31.—The moving picture films of the Jack Johnson-Jess Willard prize fight at Havana are excluded from the United States on a decision handed down by the United States circuit court of appeals.

Eight Lost With Schooner.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Eight men, the crew of the steam schooner Aberdeen, were given up for lost on Friday when wreckage from the boat began coming ashore two miles and a half below the harbor entrance.

54 SLAIN IN AIR RAID ON ENGLAND

Bombs Dropped on Towns in Four Counties.

MANY FIRES ARE REPORTED

Berlin Statement Says Big Explosions Occurred in Manufacturing Cities—Airlships Were Fired Upon, But All Returned.

London, Feb. 3.—Fifty-four persons were killed and 67 injured in the Zeppelin raid on Monday night. The figures in regard to the casualties were outlined in an official statement issued here. The official statement issued Tuesday says 220 bombs were dropped on many towns and in rural districts in Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire and Staffordshire. Some damage to property was caused.

The text of the official statement is as follows:

"An air raid last night was attempted on an extensive scale. It appears that the raiders were hampered by a thick mist. After crossing the coast the Zeppelins steered various courses and in rural districts in Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire and Staffordshire. Some damage to property was caused. No accurate reports were received until a very late hour.

"The casualties notified up to the time of issuing this statement amount to 54 persons killed and 67 injured.

New York, Feb. 3.—The following dispatch from London received by the Tribune is believed to refer to the Zeppelin raid, details of which had been withheld by the British censor:

"Eleven deaths reported England yesterday due lightning (lighting) restrictions. Five of tragedies occurred London streets; three of victims soldiers."

Berlin, Feb. 3. (via Sayville).—The German admiralty on Tuesday issued the following report:

"A German airship squadron during the night of January 31 to February 1, dropped a large number of incendiary bombs on and near the Liverpool and Pickenhead docks, harbors and factories; also on the Manchester iron works and blast furnaces, on Nottingham and Sheffield factories and blast furnaces, finally on a large number of industrial establishments on the Humber and near Great Yarmouth.

"At all these places the heavy effect of the bombardment was observed by mighty explosions and violent fires which were caused. On the Humber a big ship was silenced.

"The airships were vigorously fired at from all the places, but were not hit. All the airships, despite the enemy's fire, have returned safely."

U. S. MAY DISARM LINERS.

Washington Asks Powers to Agree on Rules for Submarine Warfare.

Washington, Jan. 31.—A suggestion that all the belligerent countries subscribe to a declaration of principles governing attacks on merchant vessels and forbidding the arming of such vessels has been made by the United States in an effort to establish international law. A general policy disposing of many of the vexatious problems arising from the development of submarine warfare.

Identical notes have gone forward asking the various countries at war to say specifically whether they are willing to join in such an agreement. The declaration of principles would provide:

"That noncombatants may expect protection under the rules of international law and the principles of humanity when traveling on merchant ships."

"That warning must be given before a merchantman is attacked."

"That belligerent-owned merchant ships must obey warnings to stop."

"That merchantmen shall not be sunk except where it is impossible to supply a prize crew, or until passengers and crew are placed in safety."

The state voices a warning that this government is considering adoption of a policy under which all armed merchantmen that enter ports of the United States in future shall be considered war vessels, subject to the established regulations governing internment.

Turks to Get U. S. Note.

To Be Asked About Sinking of Liner Persia—Denied by Vienna.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Austria has furnished the United States complete proof that none of her submarines was responsible for the sinking of the P. & O. liner Persia in the Mediterranean. Simultaneously with this announcement by the state department it was announced that the United States has dispatched a note of inquiry to Turkey, asking the government to furnish proof that its submarines are equally as innocent. If Turkey should reply that none of her submarines are guilty, state department officials said, by the process of elimination, the Persia matter will have been closed.

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SIR DAVID BEATTY



Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the First British battle cruiser squadron, whose ships defeated the Germans in the North Sea, has made a stirring appeal for a great religious revival in England as a necessary step to victory in the war.

ZEPPELINS RAID PARIS SECOND TIME; 34 KILLED

Second Air Raid on French Capital—Thirty Aeroplanes Search in Vain for Raider.

Paris, Feb. 1.—Thirty-four persons were killed and twenty-seven injured in the Zeppelin raid over Paris Saturday night, according to an official statement given out here.

Ten of the wounded were placed in hospital, owing to the severity of their injuries.

The raid lasted about one minute and a half, while in the first visit of Zeppelins to Paris on March 21, 1915, four of these aircraft were over or in the neighborhood of the capital for nearly two hours.

The fact that only one German machine appeared leads to the belief that the Zeppelin was making a reconnaissance trip, and the supposition is that the Germans have in view a similar operation on a larger scale.

The Paris newspapers demand that measures of retaliation be taken immediately.

Before the attack 30 French aeroplanes searched the remote air regions above Paris for the raider, of whose appearance warning had been given. By the time it had reached the edge of one of the old quarters of the city several of the aeroplanes were able to make out its pale yellow shape 14,000 feet from the earth.

One of the French aircraft fired 25 shots from a quick firer at the invading craft.

Frightened doubtless by the numerous war planes rising toward it, the Zeppelin wheeled and drove at full speed westward, dropping in its train into the darkness a cargo of about three and one-half tons of bombs. Then, continuing its flight at a great altitude, the airship vanished.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD WINS PRIZE

Beloit Cow Awarded Blue Ribbon as Best Brown Swiss Milk Producer in America.

Beloit, Feb. 1.—Beloit has the most productive four-year-old Brown Swiss cow in America. She is Esther North, No. 4320, the property of Ira Inman, secretary of the Brown Swiss Cattle Breeders' Association of America.

The contest is the first all year contest held by the Brown Swiss association. Five prizes of \$25 each were offered in the competition, in which sixty cows were tested for the register of production.

In both the 5 year old and the mature classes, cows owned by Ohio C. Barber, Barborton, O., millionaire head of the Diamond Match Co., won first place. In the 3-year-old class the winner is the property of Theodore N. Vail, the telephone magnate. The highest record of all was made by Ethel B. No. 3542, in the mature class, who produced 15,812 pounds of milk and 779.97 pounds of butter fat.

Light Sunday Closing.

Oshkosh.—Cigar manufacturers and cigar makers of this city presented resolutions against the Sunday closing, which petition was filed by the Men's Christian Workers' league for closing on Sundays. Unfair competition in the sales of foreign brand cigars if Sunday closing is effected is the argument. They believe that neighboring cities would be beneficiaries of the Sunday trade if Oshkosh saloons were closed.

Creamery Man Dies.

Roberts.—William Hawkins, a resident of Roberts for thirty-five years and a pioneer creamery man in Wisconsin, died at his home here after a brief illness from heart trouble.

Make Large Haul of Fish.

Oshkosh.—What is thought to be the largest haul of fish ever caught in this state was made at Winnebago, Wis., 30,000 pounds were hauled out of Lake Poygan. The fish were shipped to Philadelphia.

Many Teams in Judging Contest.

Madison.—Fifteen teams will enter the state livestock judging contest to be held during the Wisconsin farm and home week, Feb. 7 to 12, at the college of agriculture, Madison.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Grand Rapids.—James Gaynor, one of the prominent cranberry men of the state, sustained an attack of paralysis and is in a critical condition.

Elton Man Drops Dead.

Antigo.—B. Dudley of Elton, a resident of Langlade county for about 30 years, dropped dead from heart failure at Elton soon after suffering an attack on the street. He is survived by a widow and eleven children.

Educator Has Operation.

Rochester.—Charles E. Fawcett, superintendent of the Racine County School of Agriculture and Domestic Economy, was operated on for appendicitis at the Burlington hospital.

Wins in Safety Competition.

Grand Rapids.—In the annual safety competition, contest between the four sulphite and paper mills of the Nekeosha-Edwards Paper company, the Nekeosha paper mill won with a score of 94.61 per cent safe.

Antigo Nurse Goes to Rockford.

Antigo.—Miss Helen Wray, public health and school nurse in this city, has accepted a position of similar character at Rockford, Ill. Her successor has not yet been appointed.

Rate Hearing Adjourned.

Madison.—Further hearing on the Titicoma complaints has been delayed until Feb. 28. The representatives of the railroads must appear in Interstate Iowa and Nebraska cases in Washington.

Two Women Run Tag Day.

Waupun.—With only three Jewish families in the city, Miss Fannie Berg, assisted by Mrs. Cramer, conducted a tag day and raised \$125 for the Jewish war sufferers.

WIS. FAIR OFFICERS WILL CO-OPERATE

DISTRICT SECRETARIES TAKE UP SUGGESTION OF C. P. NORGORD.

FOR MODEL PREMIUM LIST

Planned to Have Boys and Girls' Contests at State Exhibit First Run Off at County Shows.

Madison.—There is to be co-operation in Wisconsin among secretaries of county and district fairs, and between these secretaries and officials of the state fair.

At the annual meeting of the county and district secretaries at Oshkosh on Jan. 26, this departure was suggested in an address by C. P. Norgord, commissioner of agriculture of Wisconsin, and his suggestion was enthusiastically received by the county and district fair secretaries.

Commissioner Norgord presented plans whereby the large boys' and girls' contests, which are to be held at the state fair, should be first run off at the county fairs.

It was also suggested by the county fair secretaries that the state provide a model premium list which could be used as the basis for building up an up-to-date and effective premium list, particularly in the newer counties.

TEACHERS TO TAKE PART

Will Attend Sessions of Southern Wisconsin Farm and Home Week at Madison Feb. 7-12.

Madison.—Teachers of agriculture in the high schools of the state and even some of the country school teachers are planning to attend several sessions of the Wisconsin "Farm and Home" week in Madison from Feb. 7 to 12.

Besides the midwinter meetings at the college of agriculture which this year include special exercises celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the invention of the Babcock test, the establishment of the dairy school and the creation of the Wisconsin dairy teachers' association, the annual sessions of the Southern Wisconsin Teachers' association are to be held in the capital city the same week.

The Southern Wisconsin Teachers' association will hold a special session for agricultural teachers on Feb. 11, at 2 p. m.

A conference of those interested in country life and community interests will also be held during the week. C. J. Galpin, secretary of the Wisconsin country life conference, will lead the discussions on rural social centers and rural schools, and Dr. W. D. Frost on better health for country people.

INDIAN LIQUOR LAW UPHOLD.

Madison.—The Supreme court upheld the state law prohibiting the sale of liquor to Indians.

Michael Egan of Green Bay against the state appealing the decision of the lower court in which he was found guilty of selling liquor to an Indian and contending that the Indian came under the exempting clause, "except civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe," the court declared this not the case and the former decision was affirmed.

LAW DOES NOT APPLY TO FIRE TRUCKS.

Madison.—That the laws of Wisconsin for the licensing and regulation of auto vehicles are not applicable to such vehicles owned by municipalities and in use by fire and police departments in the discharge of their official duties, is held in an opinion by Attorney General Owen to Secretary of State Donald.

TONNAGE MORE THAN DOUBLES.

Sheboygan.—The tonnage for the local port in January more than doubled January 1915, according to the collector of customs. In 1915 twenty-five steamers with a tonnage of 9,448 entered and cleared from Sheboygan, while last month there were twenty-six steamers with 23,526 tons.

NAME "GASOLINE" MUST BE USED.

Madison.—In an opinion to the state oil department Attorney General Owen says that all containers of gasoline, especially those used by dealers, should be marked with the name "Gasoline" in large letters. The oil department is urged to enforce this decision.

OPPOSE SUNDAY CLOSING.

Oshkosh.—Cigar manufacturers and cigar makers of this city presented resolutions against the Sunday closing, which petition was filed by the Men's Christian Workers' league for closing on Sundays. Unfair competition in the sales of foreign brand cigars if Sunday closing is effected is the argument. They believe that neighboring cities would be beneficiaries of the Sunday trade if Oshkosh saloons were closed.

WILL FIGHT BOND ISSUE.

Deperre.—A committee of twenty-five taxpayers of Brown county has been formed to fight the action of the county board, which voted to issue \$500,000 bonds to build 100 miles of concrete highway.

MAY BUY RAILROAD.

FATAL HUNTING ACCIDENT.

Marshfield Herald.—Charles Eber's son, aged 45, who was brought to St. Joseph's hospital Monday from Ladysmith, wound d in the hip by the accidental discharge of a gun died Tuesday. He had been out hunting rabbits and as he stooped to get in a sleigh the hammers of the gun caught on the sleigh box, the electric charge of shot entering the hip making a nasty wound. The remains, accompanied by his widow, were shipped to Ladysmith Thursday.

Town Order books for sale here.

| | | |
|--------|-------|--------|
| Col. 1 | 2 wks | Feb. 2 |
|--------|-------|--------|

Wood County, in Prosser.

In the Matter of the Last Will & Testament of MARGIE GANSH, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on a regular term of the County Court, to be held on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1916, at the Court House in the City of Marshfield, in said County of Wood and State of Wisconsin, there will be heard and considered the application of CHARLES K. UHRE, Attorney at Law, and proponent of said Will and Testament of said deceased, and the issuing of Letters Testamentary to said CHARLES K. UHRE, as executor of the last will of GANSH in said County, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that the specified term of said Court is to be held the third Tuesday of June, A. D. 1916, at the Court House, there will be heard, considered and determined the account of said MARGIE GANSH, Deceased.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that the executor of said last will and Testament of said deceased, after examination and allowance may be presented to said County Court at the Court House in the City of Marshfield, in said County of Wood, on or before the 13th day of June, A. D. 1916, or be turned

By the Court, W. C. Conway,
County Judge.

Chas. K. Uhre, Attorney.

Feb. 9, 3 wks., Feb. 23,
Wood County Court, in Prosser.

IT IS ORDERED, That said application be heard before this court, at a term thereof to be held at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, on

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT notice of the time and place of examining and allowing said account and of assigning the residue of said estate, be given to all persons interested, by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks, in the first issue of each week of the

paper published in said County, before the day fixed for said hearing.

Dated this 8th day of February 1916.

By the Court, W. J. Conway,
County Judge

J. J. Jeffrey, Atty. for Estate.

Save your Cash
Slips, they are worth
money to you.

Saved is
 Earned
 to make money by
 our bargains. Here
 er Assortment
 ly
71
 d with this order.

 ated Sugar 30c
 k - - - - 38c
 Candy - - - - 5c
 - - - - 3c

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| | 5c |
| Pepper | 10c |
| | 5c |
| | 10c |
| | 10c |
| | 10c |
| | 10c |
| Soap | 14c |
| (honey krisp) | 21c |
| | <u>\$1.71</u> |

Belgians Need

| | |
|--------------------------|--------|
| union suits, colors | \$1.95 |
| values to \$8, now | |
| size 7, 8 and 9 | \$1.25 |
| vests and pants, | 98c |
| union suits, \$1.00 val- | 79c |
| and pants, special | 38c |

Save your Cash
Slips, they are worth
money to you.

aved is

Earned

to make money by
our bargains. Here

er Assortment
hly

ated Sugar 30c
k - - - - 38c

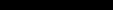
| | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|-----|
| Sandy | - | - | - | 5c |
| - | - | - | - | 3c |
| t | - | - | - | 5c |
| Pepper | - | - | - | 10c |
| - | - | - | - | 5c |
| - | - | - | - | 10c |
| - | - | - | - | 10c |

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| - | - | - | 10c |
| - | - | - | 10c |
| oap | - | - | 14c |
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| and pants, special | 38c |



FATAL BUNTING ACCIDENT

Sgt. Joseph's hospital Monday. Lady Smith, wounded in the leg by the accidental discharge of a loaded Tuesday. He had been hunting rabbits and was the only one to get in a delight and the owner of a gun caught on the wrong box, the change in the last entering the morning he was lastly wound. The man, accompanied by his wife, were shipped to Lady Smith Thursday.

Tower Under broke the safe he

Feb. 8, 1907. # 1000. P. 1000.
Notice For Administration and N
Guthrie.

National Bank
Rapid, Wis.

Bulls For Sale.

—That 'trace twice to Johanna De Kol Van Bears the champion 120 dzys. Two of her sons sold for \$45,000. You can get that kind while they last at farmers prices. J. F. Schmidt, Arpin, Wis. J. H.

The small boy is a mighty big problem for his parents.

Mrs. H. F. Roehrig was a Grand Rapids visitor Saturday.

T. M. Hickox of Iowa is here for a few days visiting with friends.

H. F. Roehrig attended the Hardware Men's Convention in Milwaukee last week.

The many friends of Mrs. A. Hoekstra will be pleased to learn that she has recovered from her long illness and is able to be about again.

One lot of Children's
also cotton hose, special per
One lot of Infant's cashmere
special per pair.....
Ladies' 14c black fleeced hose
special per pair.....
One lot of Children's woolen
special per pair.....

| | |
|--------------------------|-----|
| er pair | 180 |
| hose, values up to 15c, | 80 |
| se | 100 |
| n stockings, 50c values, | 350 |

only, special.....
Ladies \$1.25 and \$1.50 union su
special.....
One lot of Ladies' Essex winter
ues, special.....
One lot Ladies' 50c fleeced vest
per pair.....

| | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| uits, vests and pants, | 98c |
| union suits, \$1.00 val- | 79c |
| s and pants, special | 38c |

Save your Cash
Slips, they are worth
money to you.

**Money Saved is
Money Earned**

Here is a chance to make money by
taking advantage of our bargains. Here
is a good one:

**The Little Banner Assortment
for only**

\$1.71

Sugar at **3c** the pound with this order.

10 lbs. Fine Granulated Sugar 30c

2 lbs. Coffee, a fine drink - - - - **38c**

One-half pound Mixed Candy - - - - **5c**

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|---|-----|
| 1 package Yeast Foam | - | - | - | - | 3c |
| 1-3 pound bag Table Salt | - | - | - | - | 5c |
| 1 1/2 lb. package ground Pepper | - | - | - | - | 10c |
| 1 large box dry Bluing | - | - | - | - | 5c |
| 2 bars Toilet Soap | - | - | - | - | 10c |
| 1 can Pork and Beans | - | - | - | - | 10c |
| 2 cans Oil Sardines | - | - | - | - | 10c |
| 2 boxes Matches | - | - | - | - | 10c |
| 2 bars Electric Spark Soap | - | - | - | - | 14c |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| 3 bars Electric Spark Soap | 75c |
| 3 packages Corn Flakes (honey krisp) | 21c |
| Total | \$1.71 |

Underwear that Belgians Need

| | |
|---|---------------|
| One lot Ladies' Munsing woolen union suits, colors white and natural, size 4 to 9, values to \$8, now | \$1.95 |
| 1 lot Ladies' Munsing union suits, size 7, 8 and 9 only, special | \$1.25 |
| Ladies \$1.25 and \$1.50 union suits, vests and pants, special | 98c |
| One lot of Ladies' Essex winter union suits, \$1.00 values, special | 79c |

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| One lot Ladies' 50c fleeced vests and pants, special per pair..... | 38c |
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